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## 581-1797A-06

|    | 581-1797A-06 Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Education |
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| 1  | A bill to be entitled  |
| 2  | An act relating to education; providing                                  |
| 3  | guidelines for implementing the E-COMP plan or                           |
| 4  | a comparable performance pay plan, policy, or                            |
| 5  | rule adopted by the State Board of Education                             |
| 6  | after a specified date; providing for the                                |
| 7  | implementation of the Ready to Work Initiative;                          |
| 8  | amending s. 11.90, F.S.; requiring that the                              |
| 9  | Legislative Budget Commission review proposed                            |
| 10 | federal education plans; amending s. 20.15,                              |
| 11 | F.S.; establishing the Division of                                       |
| 12 | Accountability, Research, and Measurement in                             |
| 13 | the Department of Education; repealing s.                                |
| 14 | 446.609, F.S., relating to the "Jobs for                                 |
| 15 | Florida's Graduates Act"; amending s. 1000.03,                           |
| 16 | F.S.; specifying that the mission of the                                 |
| 17 | state's K-20 education system is to provide                              |
| 18 | rigorous and relevant learning opportunities                             |
| 19 | for students; repealing s. 1000.041, F.S., to                            |
| 20 | conform provisions relating to the 2005 repeal                           |
| 21 | of the BEST Florida Teaching salary career                               |
| 22 | ladder program; amending s. 1001.02, F.S.;                               |
| 23 | requiring legislative approval of a revised                              |
| 24 | state plan to implement certain federal                                  |
| 25 | requirements; amending s. 1001.03, F.S.;                                 |
| 26 | requiring the State Board of Education to                                |
| 27 | facilitate the review of the Sunshine State                              |
| 28 | Standards and provide a report to the Governor                           |
| 29 | and Legislature; requiring the maintenance of a                          |
| 30 | uniform school district personnel  |
| 31 | classification system; amending s. 1001.10,<br>1                         |
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F.S.; requiring legislative approval of a revised state plan to implement certain federal requirements; creating s. 1001.215, F.S.; creating the Just Read, Florida! Office in the Department of Education; providing duties; amending s. 1001.33, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to the 2005 repeal of the BEST Florida Teaching salary career ladder program; amending s. 1001.41, F.S.; requiring district school boards to adopt standards and policies to provide to each student a complete education program; amending s. 1001.42, F.S., relating to requirements of district plans for school improvement; providing requirements for district school boards in developing the plans; repealing s. 1001.51(24), F.S., and amending s. 1001.54, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to the 2005 repeal of the BEST Florida Teaching salary career ladder program; requiring each secondary school principal to implement a school redesign component; amending s. 1003.01, F.S.; revising the definition of the terms "special education services" and "career education"; amending s. 1003.05, F.S.; deleting the requirement that certain children receive preference for admission to special academic programs; revising programs defined as "special academic programs" for purposes of such preference; amending s. 1003.21, F.S.; requiring student exit interviews prior to terminating school enrollment; amending s.

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581-1797A-06 1003.415, F.S.; renaming the Middle Grades 1 2 Reform Act as the "Florida Secondary Schools 3 Redesign Act"; providing legislative purpose and intent; requiring that school boards adopt 4 policies for the secondary school redesign 5 б component; providing requirements for the 7 middle school plans and high school plans; requiring each middle school to develop a 8 9 personalized academic and career plan for each 10 student; requiring that the plan be refined 11 each year; providing requirements for remediation; requiring that the Department of 12 Education provide model personalized academic 13 and career plans; requiring public schools and 14 charter schools to provide a progress 15 16 monitoring plan for students who score below a specified level on the FCAT; creating s. 17 18 1003.4156, F.S.; specifying general 19 requirements for middle school promotion; 20 requiring an intensive reading course under certain circumstances; requiring school 21 district policies for implementation and 22 23 authorizing alternative methods for progression; amending s. 1003.42, F.S., 2.4 25 relating to required instruction; revising the requirements for studying U.S. history and free 26 27 enterprise; creating s. 1003.428, F.S.; 28 providing revised requirements for high school 29 graduation; specifying the required courses; 30 requiring that certain courses be based on the

student's performance on the FCAT; requiring

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that district school boards establish policies for implementing secondary school reform; requiring the Department of Education to increase the number of courses that are available to school districts; providing for the State Board of Education to adopt rules; amending s. 1003.429, F.S.; revising requirements applicable to selecting an option for accelerated high school graduation; revising required courses for the 3-year standard college preparatory program; deleting provisions authorizing a student to select a 3-year standard career preparatory program; revising requirements for grades that must be earned to participate in the accelerated program; providing for default to the standard graduation requirements in certain circumstances; amending s. 1003.437, F.S.; including middle grades in the uniform grading system; amending s. 1003.491, F.S.; including within career education personal and career plans; creating s. 1003.493, F.S.; defining the term "career and professional academy"; providing academy goals and duties; providing types of career and professional academies; providing for the approval of career education courses as core curricula courses under certain circumstances; creating s. 1003.494, F.S.; requiring the Department of Education to establish a Career High-Skill Occupational Initiative for Career Education (CHOICE)

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project as a competitive process for the designation of school district participants and CHOICE academies; providing eligibility criteria for such designation; providing duties of school districts and the department; providing for the award to certain school districts of startup funds for the development of CHOICE academies; creating s. 1003.495, F.S.; requiring the department to establish a comprehensive career academy project to provide for the designation of comprehensive career academies; providing duties of the department; providing for assessment of academies; amending s. 1003.43, F.S.; requiring district school board student progression plans to provide for the substitution of certain courses for credit requirements for high school graduation; amending ss. 288.9015 and 445.004, F.S.; providing duties of Enterprise Florida, Inc., and Workforce Florida, Inc., to conform; amending s. 1003.57, F.S.; providing guidelines for determining the residency of a student who receives instruction as an exceptional student with a disability; requiring the student's placing authority or parent to pay the cost of such instruction, facilities, and services; providing responsibilities of the Department of Education; providing responsibilities of residential facilities that educate exceptional students with disabilities; providing applicability; creating s. 1003.576, F.S.;

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| 1  | requiring the Department of Education to        |
| 2  | develop an individual education plan form for   |
| 3  | use in developing and implementing individual   |
| 4  | education plans for exceptional students;       |
| 5  | requiring school districts to use the form;     |
| 6  | amending s. 1003.58, F.S.; correcting a         |
| 7  | cross-reference; amending s. 1003.62, F.S.;     |
| 8  | conforming provisions relating to the           |
| 9  | designation of school grades and                |
| 10 | differentiated-pay polices; creating s.         |
| 11 | 1004.64, F.S.; establishing the Florida Center  |
| 12 | for Reading Research; specifying the duties of  |
| 13 | the center; amending s. 1006.09, F.S.;          |
| 14 | conforming a cross-reference; amending s.       |
| 15 | 1007.21, F.S.; revising the readiness           |
| 16 | requirements for postsecondary education and    |
| 17 | the workplace; amending s. 1007.2615, F.S.;     |
| 18 | revising the date by which a teacher of         |
| 19 | American Sign Language must be certified;       |
| 20 | deleting a provision allowing alternative       |
| 21 | certification; amending s. 1007.271, F.S.;      |
| 22 | revising the weighting systems for certain high |
| 23 | school courses; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.;      |

specifying FCAT grade level and subject area

testing requirements; requiring documentation

certain circumstances; requiring the State
Board of Education to conduct concordance

studies to determine FCAT equivalencies for

high school graduation; deleting a limitation

on and specifying requirements for the use of

of procedures that ensure test difficulty under

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581-1797A-06 1 alternative assessments to the grade 10 FCAT; 2 requiring an annual report on student 3 performance; amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; revising requirements for assessment and 4 remediation; requiring that students be 5 б provided with strategies for intervention and 7 instruction; repealing s. 1008.301, F.S., relating to a concordance study of FCAT 8 9 equivalencies for high school graduation; 10 amending s. 1008.31, F.S.; revising goals and 11 measures of the K-20 performance accountability system and requiring data quality improvements; 12 providing for development of reporting or data 13 collection requirements; amending s. 1008.33, 14 F.S.; conforming a cross-reference and 15 16 provisions relating to the designation of school grades; amending s. 1008.34, F.S.; 17 18 revising terminology and provisions relating to 19 designation and determination of school grades; 20 providing for the designation of school grades for feeder pattern schools under certain 21 circumstances; requiring that a school 22 23 performance grade category designation include 24 achievement scores and, by a specified 25 deadline, include learning gains for students seeking a special diploma; specifying use of 26 27 assessment data with respect to alternative 28 schools; defining the term "home school"; 29 requiring an annual school report card to be 30 published by the department and distributed by

school districts; creating s. 1008.341, F.S.;

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requiring improvement ratings for certain alternative schools; providing the basis for such ratings and requiring annual performance reports; providing for determination of school improvement ratings, identification of learning gains, and eligibility for school recognition awards; requiring the development and distribution of an annual school report card; amending s. 1008.345, F.S.; conforming cross-references and provisions relating to the designation of school grades; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; providing FTE funding for juveniles enrolled in specified education programs; providing funding for supplemental educational programs; providing funding for supplemental educational services for certain students; conforming cross-references and provisions relating to the designation of school grades; establishing a research-based reading instruction allocation to provide funds for a comprehensive reading instruction system; requiring school district plans for use of the allocation and approval thereof; including the allocation in the total amount allocated to each school district for current operation; amending s. 1011.64, F.S.; conforming terminology and a cross-reference; amending s. 1011.685, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to the 2005 repeal of the BEST Florida Teaching salary career ladder program and implementation of a differentiated-pay policy; amending s.

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| 1  | 1011.71, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference;    |
| 2  | amending s. 1012.21, F.S.; requiring the        |
| 3  | department to annually post online school       |
| 4  | district collective bargaining contracts and    |
| 5  | the salary and benefits of certain personnel;   |
| 6  | amending s. 1012.22, F.S.; deleting a           |
| 7  | requirement that each district school board     |
| 8  | adopt a performance-pay policy; requiring each  |
| 9  | district school board to annually provide to    |
| 10 | the department its negotiated collective        |
| 11 | bargaining contract and the salary and benefits |
| 12 | of certain personnel; creating s. 1012.2312,    |
| 13 | F.S.; requiring each district school board to   |
| 14 | adopt a differentiated-pay policy for           |
| 15 | instructional personnel; providing factors on   |
| 16 | which differentiated pay shall be based;        |
| 17 | authorizing the withholding of funds from       |
| 18 | school districts under certain circumstances;   |
| 19 | creating s. 1012.2313, F.S.; requiring each     |
| 20 | district school board to have a                 |
| 21 | differentiated-pay policy for school            |
| 22 | administrators; providing factors on which      |
| 23 | differentiated pay shall be based; authorizing  |
| 24 | the withholding of funds from school districts  |
| 25 | under certain circumstances; creating s.        |
| 26 | 1012.2315, F.S.; providing school district      |
| 27 | requirements for the assignment of teachers and |
| 28 | authorizing incentives; providing procedures    |
| 29 | for noncompliance; providing requirements       |
| 30 | relating to collective bargaining; amending s.  |
| 31 | 1012.27, F.S.; conforming provisions relating   |

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to the 2005 repeal of the BEST Florida Teaching salary career ladder program and implementation of a differentiated-pay policy; amending s. 1012.28, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1012.34, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to deletion of a rigorous reading requirement; amending s. 1012.56, F.S., relating to middle grades certification; encouraging school districts to provide for additional certification for teachers; amending s. 1012.98, F.S., relating to the School Community Professional Development Act; revising the purpose of the professional development system; providing for additional activities; requiring instructional strategies and methods that support rigorous, relevant, and challenging curriculum; providing requirements for followup support and the master plan for inservice activities; providing requirements for the individual professional development plan for instructional employees; requiring the department to disseminate best-practice methods and model professional development programs; creating s. 1012.986, F.S.; providing for a statewide system for the professional development of school leaders consisting of a collaborative network of professional organizations; providing goals of the network; repealing s. 1012.987, F.S., which requires the State Board of Education to adopt rules through which school principals may earn

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| 1  | a leadership designation; providing an                         |
| 2  | effective date.  |
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| 4  | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:      |
| 5  |  |
| 6  | Section 1. The effectiveness-compensation plan known           |
| 7  | as E-COMP or any comparable performance pay plan or policy, or |
| 8  | rule implementing such a plan or policy, adopted by the State  |
| 9  | Board of Education on July 1, 2005, or thereafter may not      |
| 10 | require school districts to implement such a plan, policy, or  |
| 11 | rule before the beginning of the 2007-2008 school year.        |
| 12 | However, a school district, in its sole discretion, may        |
| 13 | voluntarily implement such a plan, policy, or rule before the  |
| 14 | beginning of the 2007-2008 school year. This section shall     |
| 15 | <u>expire June 30, 2008.</u>                                   |
| 16 | Section 2. (1) The purpose of this section is to               |
| 17 | implement the Ready to Work Initiative. The initiative is to   |
| 18 | use assessments to identify specific skills that indicate a    |
| 19 | competence level to enter a specific occupation and to provide |
| 20 | targeted instruction in the specific skills in which a student |
| 21 | has not demonstrated mastery. Upon the successful completion   |
| 22 | of the assessments and instruction, the student is to be       |
| 23 | provided a credential to inform prospective employers that he  |
| 24 | or she has demonstrated the skills required for employment in  |
| 25 | that occupation. Instruction must be Internet-based and must   |
| 26 | be designed to address specific skill deficiencies identified  |
| 27 | in the assessment. Instructors must be able to revise the      |
| 28 | instruction for additional content or employer-identified      |
| 29 | needs.   |
| 30 | (2) The Ready to Work Initiative shall be conducted in         |
| 31 | nublic schools community colleges area technical centers       |

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| 1  | one-stop career centers, vocational rehabilitation centers,   |
| 2  | and Department of Juvenile Justice programs and may be made   |
| 3  | available to other entities that provide job training. The    |
| 4  | Department of Education shall establish institutional         |
| 5  | readiness criteria for program implementation and shall       |
| 6  | coordinate with the Agency for Workforce Innovation to        |
| 7  | implement the initiative, with full implementation in fiscal  |
| 8  | year 2008-2009.   |
| 9  | Section 3. Subsection (8) is added to section 11.90,          |
| 10 | Florida Statutes, to read:                                    |
| 11 | 11.90 Legislative Budget Commission                           |
| 12 | (8) The commission shall review the proposed state            |
| 13 | plans of the State Board of Education and the Commissioner of |
| 14 | Education which are required under federal law before those   |
| 15 | plans are submitted.  |
| 16 | Section 4. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (3) of        |
| 17 | section 20.15, Florida Statutes, to read:                     |
| 18 | 20.15 Department of EducationThere is created a               |
| 19 | Department of Education.                                      |
| 20 | (3) DIVISIONSThe following divisions of the                   |
| 21 | Department of Education are established:                      |
| 22 | (f) Division of Accountability, Research, and                 |
| 23 | Measurement.  |
| 24 | Section 5. <u>Section 446.609, Florida Statutes, is</u>       |
| 25 | repealed.   |
| 26 | Section 6. Subsection (4) of section 1000.03, Florida         |
| 27 | Statutes, is amended to read:                                 |
| 28 | 1000.03 Function, mission, and goals of the Florida           |
| 29 | K-20 education system   |
| 30 | (4) The mission of Florida's K-20 education system is         |
| 31 | to allow its students to increase their proficiency by        |
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| 1  | allowing them the opportunity to expand their knowledge and              |
| 2  | skills through <u>rigorous and relevant</u> <del>adequate</del> learning |
| 3  | opportunities, in accordance with the mission statement and              |
| 4  | accountability requirements of s. 1008.31.                               |
| 5  | Section 7. Section 1000.041, Florida Statutes, is                        |
| 6  | repealed.  |
| 7  | Section 8. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section                    |
| 8  | 1001.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:                           |
| 9  | 1001.02 General powers of State Board of Education                       |
| 10 | (2) The State Board of Education has the following                       |
| 11 | duties:  |
| 12 | (g) To approve plans for cooperating with the Federal                    |
| 13 | Government. Upon the 2007 reauthorization of the federal No              |
| 14 | Child Left Behind Act of 2001, the Commissioner of Education             |
| 15 | shall seek public input and secure legislative approval,                 |
| 16 | pursuant to s. 11.90(8), of the revised state plan prior to              |
| 17 | submission.  |
| 18 | Section 9. Subsections (1) and (14) of section                           |
| 19 | 1001.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:                          |
| 20 | 1001.03 Specific powers of State Board of Education                      |
| 21 | (1) PUBLIC K-12 STUDENT PERFORMANCE STANDARDSThe                         |
| 22 | State Board of Education shall approve the student performance           |
| 23 | standards known as the Sunshine State Standards in key                   |
| 24 | academic subject areas and grade levels. The state board shall           |
| 25 | establish a schedule to facilitate the periodic review of the            |
| 26 | standards to ensure adequate rigor, relevance, logical student           |
| 27 | progression, and integration of reading, writing, and                    |
| 28 | mathematics across all subject areas. The standards review by            |
| 29 | subject area must include participation of curriculum leaders            |
|    |  |

30 in other content areas, including the arts, to ensure valid

31 content area integration and to address the instructional

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requirements of different learning styles. The process for 1 2 review and proposed revisions must include leadership and 3 input from the state's classroom teachers, school administrators, and community colleges and universities, and from representatives from business and industry who are 5 identified by local education foundations. A report including 7 proposed revisions must be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 8 9 Representatives annually to coincide with the established review schedule. 10 11

(14) UNIFORM CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM FOR SCHOOL DISTRICT ADMINISTRATIVE AND MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL. -- The State Board of Education shall maintain recommend to the Legislature by February 1, 2003, a uniform classification system for school district administrative and management personnel that will facilitate the uniform coding of administrative and management personnel to total district employees.

Section 10. Subsection (8) of section 1001.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.10 Commissioner of Education; general powers and duties. -- The Commissioner of Education is the chief educational officer of the state, and is responsible for giving full assistance to the State Board of Education in enforcing compliance with the mission and goals of the seamless K-20 education system. To facilitate innovative practices and to allow local selection of educational methods, the State Board of Education may authorize the commissioner to waive, upon the request of a district school board, State Board of Education rules that relate to district school instruction and school operations, except those rules 31 pertaining to civil rights, and student health, safety, and

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welfare. The Commissioner of Education is not authorized to grant waivers for any provisions in rule pertaining to the allocation and appropriation of state and local funds for public education; the election, compensation, and organization of school board members and superintendents; graduation and state accountability standards; financial reporting requirements; reporting of out-of-field teaching assignments under s. 1012.42; public meetings; public records; or due process hearings governed by chapter 120. No later than January 1 of each year, the commissioner shall report to the Legislature and the State Board of Education all approved waiver requests in the preceding year. Additionally, the commissioner has the following general powers and duties:

(8) To develop and implement a plan for cooperating with the Federal Government in carrying out any or all phases of the educational program and to recommend policies for administering funds that are appropriated by Congress and apportioned to the state for any or all educational purposes.

Upon the 2007 reauthorization of the federal No Child Left

Behind Act of 2001, the Commissioner of Education shall seek public input and secure legislative approval, pursuant to s.

11.90(8), of the revised state plan prior to submission.

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The commissioner's office shall operate all statewide functions necessary to support the State Board of Education and the K-20 education system, including strategic planning and budget development, general administration, and assessment and accountability.

29 Section 11. Section 1001.215, Florida Statutes, is 30 created to read:

1001.215 Just Read, Florida! Office.--There is created

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- in the Department of Education the Just Read, Florida! office. 1 2 The office shall be fully accountable to the Commissioner of 3 Education and shall:
  - (1) Train highly effective reading coaches.
  - (2) Create multiple designations of effective reading instruction, with accompanying credentials, which encourage all teachers to integrate reading instruction into their content areas.
  - (3) Train K-12 teachers, school principals, and parents on research-based reading instructional strategies and secondary teachers on effective instructional strategies for teaching reading in the content areas with an emphasis on technical text.
  - (4) Provide technical assistance to school districts in the development and implementation of district plans for use of the research-based reading instruction allocation provided in s. 1011.62(8) and annually review and approve such plans.
  - (5) Review, evaluate, and provide technical assistance to school districts' implementation of the K-12 comprehensive reading plan required in s. 1011.62(8).
  - (6) Work with the Florida Center for Reading Research to provide information on research-based reading programs and effective reading in the content area strategies.
  - (7) Periodically review the Sunshine State Standards for reading at all grade levels.
- (8) Periodically review teacher certification examinations, including alternative certification exams, to ascertain whether the examinations measure the skills needed for research-based reading instruction and instructional 31 <u>strategies for teaching reading in the content areas.</u>

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| 1  | (9) Work with teacher preparation programs approved          |
| 2  | pursuant to s. 1004.04 to integrate research-based reading   |
| 3  | instructional strategies and reading in the content area     |
| 4  | instructional strategies into teacher preparation programs.  |
| 5  | (10) Administer grants and perform other functions as        |
| 6  | necessary to meet the goal that all students read at grade   |
| 7  | level.   |
| 8  | Section 12. Section 1001.33, Florida Statutes, is            |
| 9  | amended to read:   |
| 10 | 1001.33 Schools under control of district school board       |
| 11 | and district school superintendent                           |
| 12 | (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, all public          |
| 13 | schools conducted within the district shall be under the     |
| 14 | direction and control of the district school board with the  |
| 15 | district school superintendent as executive officer.         |
| 16 | (2) Each district school board, each district school         |
| 17 | superintendent, and each district and school-based           |
| 18 | administrator shall cooperate to apply the following guiding |
| 19 | principles of Better Educated Students and Teachers (BEST)   |
| 20 | Florida Teaching:  |
| 21 | <del>(a) Teachers lead, students learn.</del>                |
| 22 | (b) Teachers maintain orderly, disciplined classrooms        |
| 23 | conducive to student learning.                               |
| 24 | (c) Teachers are trained, recruited, well compensated,       |
| 25 | and retained for quality.                                    |
| 26 | (d) Teachers are well rewarded for their students'           |
| 27 | high performance.  |
| 28 | (e) Teachers are most effective when served by               |
| 29 | exemplary school administrators.                             |

Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 1001.41, Florida

31 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1001.41 General powers of district school board.--The district school board, after considering recommendations submitted by the district school superintendent, shall exercise the following general powers:

(3) Prescribe and adopt standards and policies to provide each student the opportunity to receive a complete education program, including language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, health, physical education, foreign languages, and the arts, as defined by the Sunshine State Standards. The standards and policies must emphasize integration and reinforcement of reading, writing, and mathematics skills across all subjects, including career awareness, career exploration, and career and technical education as are considered desirable by it for improving the district school system.

Section 14. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is repealed, and subsection (16) of that section is amended, to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board. -- The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

(5) PERSONNEL.--

(c) Fully support and cooperate in the application of the guiding principles of Better Educated Students and Teachers (BEST) Florida Teaching, pursuant to s. 1000.041.

(16) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY. -- Maintain a system of school improvement and education accountability as provided by statute and State Board of Education rule. This system of school improvement and education accountability shall be consistent with, and 31 | implemented through, the district's continuing system of

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planning and budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01, and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education accountability shall include, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) School improvement plans. -- Annually approve and require implementation of a new, amended, or continuation school improvement plan for each school in the district. except that A district school board may establish a district school improvement plan that includes all schools in the district operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. Such plan shall be designed to achieve the state education priorities pursuant to s. 1000.03(5) and student performance standards. Each plan must emphasize budget allocations and professional development based on an analysis of student achievement and other school performance data and must <u>include:</u>
- 1. Professional development that supports enhanced and differentiated instructional strategies to improve teaching and learning.
- 2. Continuous use of disaggregated student achievement data to determine effectiveness of instructional strategies.
- 3. Ongoing informal and formal assessments to monitor individual student progress, including progress toward mastery of the Sunshine State Standards, and to redesign instruction if needed.
- 4. Alternative instructional delivery methods to support remediation, acceleration, and enrichment strategies.

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District school boards shall require schools to address other 30

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instructional materials and technologies that enhance teaching and learning, staffing, student support services, school safety and discipline strategies, student health and fitness, and parental involvement. In addition, any school required to implement a rigorous reading requirement pursuant to s. 1003.415 must include such component in its school improvement plan. Each plan shall also address issues relative to budget, training, instructional materials, technology, staffing, student support services, specific school safety and discipline strategies, student health and fitness, including physical fitness, parental information on student health and fitness, and indoor environmental air quality, and other matters of resource allocation, as determined by district school board policy, and shall be based on an analysis of student achievement and other school performance data.

- (b) Approval process. -- Develop a process for approval of a school improvement plan presented by an individual school and its advisory council. In the event a district school board does not approve a school improvement plan after exhausting this process, the Department of Education shall be notified of the need for assistance.
  - (c) Assistance and intervention. --
- 1. Develop a 2-year plan of increasing individualized assistance and intervention for each school in danger of not meeting state standards or making adequate progress, as defined pursuant to statute and State Board of Education rule, toward meeting the goals and standards of its approved school improvement plan.
- 2. Provide assistance and intervention to a school that is <u>designated</u> with a <del>identified as being in performance</del> 31 grade of category "D" pursuant to s. 1008.34 and is in danger 20

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of failing.

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- 3. Develop a plan to encourage teachers with demonstrated mastery in improving student performance to remain at or transfer to a school with a designated as performance grade of category "D" or "F" or to an alternative school that serves disruptive or violent youths. If a classroom teacher, as defined by s. 1012.01(2)(a), who meets the definition of teaching mastery developed according to the provisions of this paragraph, requests assignment to a school designated with a as performance grade of category "D" or "F" or to an alternative school that serves disruptive or violent youths, the district school board shall make every practical effort to grant the request.
- 4. Prioritize, to the extent possible, the expenditures of funds received from the supplemental academic instruction categorical fund under s. 1011.62(1)(f) to improve student performance in schools that receive a performance grade category designation of "D" or "F."
- (d) After 2 years. -- Notify the Commissioner of Education and the State Board of Education in the event any school does not make adequate progress toward meeting the goals and standards of a school improvement plan by the end of 2 years of failing to make adequate progress and proceed according to guidelines developed pursuant to statute and State Board of Education rule. School districts shall provide intervention and assistance to schools in danger of being designated with a as performance grade of category "F," failing to make adequate progress.
- (e) Public disclosure. -- Provide information regarding performance of students and educational programs as required 31 pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and 1008.385 and implement a system of

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| 1  | school reports as required by statute and State Board of        |
| 2  | Education rule that shall include schools operating for the     |
| 3  | purpose of providing educational services to youth in           |
| 4  | Department of Juvenile Justice programs, and for those          |
| 5  | schools, report on the elements specified in s. 1003.52(19).    |
| 6  | Annual public disclosure reports shall be in an easy-to-read    |
| 7  | report card format and shall include the school's student and   |
| 8  | school performance grade, high school graduation rate           |
| 9  | calculated without GED tests, disaggregated by student          |
| 10 | ethnicity, category designation and performance data as         |
| 11 | specified in state board rule.                                  |
| 12 | (f) School improvement fundsProvide funds to                    |
| 13 | schools for developing and implementing school improvement      |
| 14 | plans. Such funds shall include those funds appropriated for    |
| 15 | the purpose of school improvement pursuant to s. 24.121(5)(c).  |
| 16 | Section 15. Subsection (24) of section 1001.51,                 |
| 17 | Florida Statutes, is repealed.                                  |
| 18 | Section 16. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1)            |
| 19 | and subsection (2) of section 1001.54, Florida Statutes, are    |
| 20 | amended to read:  |
| 21 | 1001.54 Duties of school principals                             |
| 22 | (1)   |
| 23 | (c) The school principal shall encourage school                 |
| 24 | personnel to implement the guiding principles for Better        |
| 25 | Educated Students and Teachers (BEST) Florida Teaching,         |
| 26 | pursuant to s. 1000.041.  |
| 27 | $\frac{(c)(d)}{d}$ The school principal shall fully support the |
| 28 | authority of each teacher and school bus driver to remove       |
| 29 | disobedient, disrespectful, violent, abusive, uncontrollable,   |

or disruptive students from the classroom and the school bus

31 and, when appropriate and available, place such students in an

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alternative educational setting.

(2) Each school principal shall provide instructional leadership in the development, or revision, and implementation of a school improvement plan, pursuant to s. 1001.42(16).

Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and subsection (4) of section 1003.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.01 Definitions. -- As used in this chapter, the term:

(3)

- "Special education services" means specially designed instruction and such related services as are necessary for an exceptional student to benefit from education. Such services may include: transportation; diagnostic and evaluation services; social services; physical and occupational therapy; speech and language pathology <u>services</u>; job placement; orientation and mobility training; braillists, typists, and readers for the blind; interpreters and auditory amplification; rehabilitation counseling; transition services; mental health services; guidance and career counseling; specified materials, assistive technology devices, and other specialized equipment; and other such services as approved by rules of the state board.
- (4) "Career education" means education that provides instruction for the following purposes:
- (a) At the elementary, middle, and high secondary school levels, exploratory courses designed to give students initial exposure to a broad range of occupations to assist them in preparing their academic and occupational plans, and practical arts courses that provide generic skills that may 31 apply to many occupations but are not designed to prepare

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students for entry into a specific occupation. Career education provided before high school completion must be designed to strengthen enhance both occupational awareness and academic skills integrated throughout all through integration with academic instruction.

- (b) At the secondary school level, job-preparatory instruction in the competencies that prepare students for effective entry into an occupation, including diversified cooperative education, work experience, and job-entry programs that coordinate directed study and on-the-job training.
- (c) At the postsecondary education level, courses of study that provide competencies needed for entry into specific occupations or for advancement within an occupation.

Section 18. Subsection (3) of section 1003.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.05 Assistance to transitioning students from military families.--

(3) Dependent children of active duty military personnel who otherwise meet the eligibility criteria for special academic programs offered through public schools shall be given first preference for admission to such programs even if the program is being offered through a public school other than the school to which the student would generally be assigned and the school at which the program is being offered has reached its maximum enrollment. If such a program is offered through a public school other than the school to which the student would generally be assigned, the parent or quardian of the student must assume responsibility for transporting the student to that school. For purposes of this subsection, special academic programs include charter schools, 31 | magnet schools, advanced studies programs, advanced placement,

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| 1  | dual enrollment, Advanced International Certificate of         |
| 2  | Education, and International Baccalaureate.                    |
| 3  | Section 19. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section         |
| 4  | 1003.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:                 |
| 5  | 1003.21 School attendance                                      |
| 6  | (1)  |
| 7  | (c) A student who attains the age of 16 years during           |
| 8  | the school year is not subject to compulsory school attendance |
| 9  | beyond the date upon which he or she attains that age if the   |
| 10 | student files a formal declaration of intent to terminate      |
| 11 | school enrollment with the district school board. The          |
| 12 | declaration must acknowledge that terminating school           |
| 13 | enrollment is likely to reduce the student's earning potential |
| 14 | and must be signed by the student and the student's parent.    |
| 15 | The school district must notify the student's parent of        |
| 16 | receipt of the student's declaration of intent to terminate    |
| 17 | school enrollment. The student's guidance counselor or other   |
| 18 | school personnel must conduct an exit interview with the       |
| 19 | student to determine the reasons for the student's decision to |
| 20 | terminate school enrollment and actions that could be taken to |
| 21 | keep the student in school. The student must be informed of    |
| 22 | opportunities to continue his or her education in a different  |
| 23 | environment, including, but not limited to, adult education    |
| 24 | and GED test preparation. Additionally, the student must       |
| 25 | complete a survey in a format prescribed by the Department of  |
| 26 | Education to provide data on student reasons for terminating   |
| 27 | enrollment and actions taken by schools to keep students       |
| 28 | enrolled.  |
| 29 | Section 20. Section 1003.415, Florida Statutes, is             |
| 30 | amended to read:   |
| 31 | 1003.415 The Florida Secondary Schools Redesign Middle         |

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#### Grades Reform Act. --

- (1) SHORT TITLE POPULAR NAME. -- This section may be cited as shall be known by the popular name the "Florida Secondary Schools Redesign Middle Grades Reform Act."
- (2) PURPOSE AND INTENT. -- The purpose of this section is to provide added academic focus, and rigor, relevance, and opportunity for relationships to academics in the secondary middle grades. Using integrated reading instruction as the foundation, all secondary middle grade students shall should receive rigorous academic instruction through challenging and relevant curricula delivered by highly qualified teachers in schools that have with outstanding principal leadership and, which schools are supported by engaged and informed parents and business partners. It is the intent of the Legislature that students entering 9th promoted from the eighth grade will be prepared ready for success in high school and that students graduating from high school will be prepared for postsecondary education and the workforce.
- (3) DEFINITION. -- As used in this section, the term "<u>secondary schools</u> middle grades" means grades 6 through 12, 7, and 8.
- (4) REDESIGN COMPONENT.--Beginning with the 2006-2007 school year, each district school board shall adopt policies to provide support for all secondary schools to develop a redesign component of the school improvement plan pursuant to s. 1001.42(16). The primary goal of the redesign component is to increase student engagement and achievement through enhanced instructional opportunities that stress rigor, relevance, and relationships; to encourage students to remain in school and graduate on time; and to prepare students for 31 postsecondary education and the world of work. Each secondary

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| 1  | school's redesign component of the school improvement plan     |
| 2  | must include a timeline, a comprehensive professional          |
| 3  | development plan, and designation of the responsibilities of   |
| 4  | teachers, administrators, parents, students, the business      |
| 5  | community, and district staff. The secondary school redesign   |
| 6  | component must be aligned to district professional development |
| 7  | plans pursuant to s. 1012.98(4)(b).                            |
| 8  | (a) The middle school redesign component must be based         |
| 9  | on a sound and strategic preparation for high school success   |
| 10 | and include the following:                                     |
| 11 | 1. Instructional strategies to increase rigor and              |
| 12 | relevance throughout the curriculum to prepare middle school   |
| 13 | students for rigorous high school courses, postsecondary       |
| 14 | studies, and the world of work;                                |
| 15 | 2. Instructional strategies to increase annually the           |
| 16 | percentage of students enrolled in and successfully completing |
| 17 | algebra. Middle schools must provide at least one high school  |
| 18 | course with priority given to algebra;                         |
| 19 | 3. Integration of reading strategies in all content            |
| 20 | areas, including the use of technical and informational text;  |
| 21 | 4. Comprehensive career exploration, which results in          |
| 22 | the development of individual 4- to 5-year academic plans for  |
| 23 | every student by the end of grade 8 pursuant to s. 1006.02.    |
| 24 | The redesign component must include strategies for all         |
| 25 | students to complete comprehensive career exploration          |
| 26 | frameworks either through a stand-alone course or integrated   |

5. Organizational strategies as specified in s. 1003.02(4) which include small-group advisement, small <u>learning</u> communities, or similar models to ensure enhanced 31 adult relationships for every student to support and sustain

into other courses;

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| 1  | rigorous and relevant academics;                               |
| 2  | 6. Intensive remediation strategies to close skill             |
| 3  | gaps, including summer academies;                              |
| 4  | 7. Organizational strategies to encourage common               |
| 5  | planning time and professional learning communities for        |
| 6  | instructional and administrative staff;                        |
| 7  | 8. Strategies to increase continuous monitoring of             |
| 8  | student achievement using data and data analysis; and          |
| 9  | 9. Strategies to communicate redesign plans with               |
| 10 | feeder pattern high schools in order to obtain input and       |
| 11 | feedback and ensure continuous improvement of academic         |
| 12 | achievement for all students.                                  |
| 13 | (b) The high school redesign component must be based           |
| 14 | on a sound and strategic preparation for postsecondary         |
| 15 | education and the workforce and include the following:         |
| 16 | 1. Instructional strategies to increase rigor and              |
| 17 | relevance throughout the curriculum to prepare high school     |
| 18 | students for rigorous postsecondary studies and the demands of |
| 19 | the workplace;   |
| 20 | 2. Instructional strategies to increase annually the           |
| 21 | percentage of students enrolled in and successful in           |
| 22 | higher-level math courses, including algebra II and above;     |
| 23 | 3. Integration of reading strategies in all content            |
| 24 | areas, including the use of technical and informational text;  |
| 25 | 4. Use and refinement of individual student 4- to              |
| 26 | 5-year academic and career plans as the basis for course       |
| 27 | selection and enrollment pursuant to s. 1006.02;               |
| 28 | 5. Organizational strategies as specified in s.                |
| 29 | 1003.02(4) which include small group advisement, small         |
| 30 | learning communities, or similar models to ensure enhanced     |
| 31 | adult relationships with every student to support and sustain  |

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| 1  | rigorous and relevant academics;                               |
| 2  | 6. Intensive remediation strategies to close skill             |
| 3  | gaps, including summer academies;                              |
| 4  | 7. Organizational strategies to encourage common               |
| 5  | planning time and professional learning communities for        |
| 6  | instructional and administrative staff;                        |
| 7  | 8. Strategies to develop and refine 9th grade                  |
| 8  | academies to ensure successful transition to high school,      |
| 9  | student engagement in rigorous coursework, and preparation for |
| 10 | postsecondary education and the workforce pursuant to s.       |
| 11 | <u>1006.02;</u>  |
| 12 | 9. Strategies to share redesign plans with feeder              |
| 13 | pattern middle schools in order to obtain input and feedback   |
| 14 | and ensure continuous improvement of academic achievement for  |
| 15 | all students;  |
| 16 | 10. Strategies to transform the senior year to enhance         |
| 17 | student transition to postsecondary school and the workforce;  |
| 18 | <u>and</u>   |
| 19 | 11. Strategies for developing or enhancing existing            |
| 20 | career academies, pursuant to s. 1003.493.                     |
| 21 | (5) PERSONALIZED ACADEMIC AND CAREER PLANS                     |
| 22 | (a) Beginning with the 2006-2007 school year, each             |
| 23 | middle school shall begin development of personalized academic |
| 24 | and career plans based on a comprehensive career exploration   |
| 25 | course. Beginning with the 2007-2008 school year, personalized |
| 26 | academic and career plans shall be developed by the end of     |
| 27 | grade 8 as a collaborative effort between the student and the  |
| 28 | student's teachers, teacher advisors, guidance counselors, and |
| 29 | parents. The purpose of the plan is to provide each student    |
| 30 | with a 4- to 5-year plan prior to 9th grade based on           |

31 individual aspirations and goals for postsecondary education

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and possible careers. The plan shall be developed and refined 1 2 yearly in collaboration with the student and his or her parent, teachers, teacher advisors, and guidance staff, and 3 shall be focused on rigorous coursework that is aligned to the student's plans for postsecondary education or the workforce, 5 6 or both.

- (b) For secondary students who score below Level 3 in reading or math on the most recently administered FCAT, the personalized academic and career plan must also include a provision for instructional assistance which includes identification of the student's strengths and weaknesses, intervention strategies, and continuous monitoring of the student's progress in academic performance.
- (c) The personalized academic and career plan must be seamlessly incorporated into individual student plans required by federal or state law.
- (d) The Department of Education, with input from school-based instructional leaders, shall post on the department's website by <u>December 1, 2006, a model 4- to 5-year</u> personalized academic and career plan consistent with and transitional to the electronic Personal Education Planner.
- (4) CURRICULA AND COURSES. -- The Department of Education shall review course offerings, teacher qualifications, instructional materials, and teaching practices used in reading and language arts programs in the middle grades. The department must consult with the Florida Center for Reading Research at Florida State University, the Just Read, Florida! Office, reading researchers, reading specialists, and district supervisors of curriculum in the development of findings and recommendations. The Commissioner 31 of Education shall make recommendations to the State Board of

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Education regarding changes to reading and language arts curricula in the middle grades based on research-based proven effective programs. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules based upon the commissioner's recommendations no later than March 1, 2005. Implementation of new or revised reading and language arts courses in all middle grades shall be phased in beginning no later than the 2005-2006 school year with completion no later than the 2008-2009 school year.

(5) RIGOROUS READING REQUIREMENT. --

(a) Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, each public school serving middle grade students, including charter schools, with fewer than 75 percent of its students reading at or above grade level in grade 6, grade 7, or grade 8 as measured by a student scoring at Level 3 or above on the FCAT during the prior school year, must incorporate by October 1 a rigorous reading requirement for reading and language arts programs as the primary component of its school improvement plan. The department shall annually provide to each district school board by June 30 a list of its schools that are required to incorporate a rigorous reading requirement as the primary component of the school's improvement plan. The department shall provide technical assistance to school districts and school administrators required to implement the rigorous reading requirement. The department shall annually provide to each district school board by June 30 a list of its schools that are required to incorporate a rigorous reading requirement as the primary component of the school's improvement plan. The department shall provide technical assistance to school districts and school administrators required to implement the rigorous reading requirement. (b) The purpose of the rigorous reading requirement is

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to assist each student who is not reading at or above grade level to do so before entering high school. The rigorous reading requirement must include for a middle school's low-performing student population specific areas that address phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, comprehension, and vocabulary; the desired levels of performance in those areas; and the instructional and support services to be provided to meet the desired levels of performance. The school shall use research-based reading activities that have been shown to be successful in teaching reading to low-performing students. (c) Schools required to implement the rigorous reading requirement must provide quarterly reports to the district school superintendent on the progress of students toward increased reading achievement. (d) The results of implementation of a school's rigorous reading requirement shall be used as part of the annual evaluation of the school's instructional personnel and school administrators as required in s. 1012.34. (6) COMPREHENSIVE REFORM STUDY ON THE ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE OF STUDENTS AND SCHOOLS. --(a) The department shall conduct a study on how the overall academic performance of middle grade students and schools can be improved. The department must consult with the Florida Center for Reading Research at Florida State University, the Just Read, Florida! Office, and key education stakeholders, including district school board members, district school superintendents, principals, parents, teachers, district supervisors of curriculum, and students

across the state, in the development of its findings and

recommendations. The department shall review, at a minimum,

31 | each of the following elements:

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| 1  | 1. Academic expectations, which include, but are not                 |
| 2  | <del>limited to:</del>   |
| 3  | a. Alignment of middle school expectations with                      |
| 4  | elementary and high school graduation requirements.                  |
| 5  | b. Best practices to improve reading and language arts               |
| 6  | courses based on research-based programs for middle school           |
| 7  | students in alignment with the Sunshine State Standards.             |
| 8  | c. Strategies that focus on improving academic success               |
| 9  | for low-performing students.   |
| 10 | d. Rigor of curricula and courses.                                   |
| 11 | e. Instructional materials.  |
| 12 | f. Course enrollment by middle school students.                      |
| 13 | <del>g. Student support services.</del>                              |
| 14 | h. Measurement and reporting of student achievement.                 |
| 15 | 2. Attendance policies and student mobility issues.                  |
| 16 | 3. Teacher quality, which includes, but is not limited               |
| 17 | <del>to:</del>   |
| 18 | a. Preparedness of teachers to teach rigorous courses                |
| 19 | to middle school students.   |
| 20 | <del>b. Teacher evaluations.</del>                                   |
| 21 | <del>c. Substitute teachers.</del>                                   |
| 22 | d. Certification and recertification requirements.                   |
| 23 | e. Staff development requirements.                                   |
| 24 | f. Availability of effective staff development                       |
| 25 | training.  |
| 26 | g. Teacher recruitment and vacancy issues.                           |
| 27 | h. Federal requirements for highly qualified teachers                |
| 28 | pursuant to the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001.                    |
| 29 | 4. Identification and availability of diagnostic                     |
| 30 | testing.   |
| 31 | <del>5. Availability of personnel and scheduling issues.</del><br>33 |

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6. Middle school leadership and performance.

7. Parental and community involvement.

(b) By December 1, 2004, the Commissioner of Education shall submit to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chairs of the education committees in the Senate and the House of Representatives, and the State Board of Education recommendations to increase the academic performance of middle grade students and schools.

(7) PERSONALIZED MIDDLE SCHOOL SUCCESS PLAN. --

(a) Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, each principal of a school with a middle grade shall designate certified staff members at the school to develop and administer a personalized middle school success plan for each entering sixth grade student who scored below Level 3 in reading on the most recently administered FCAT. The purpose of the success plan is to assist the student in meeting state and school district expectations in academic proficiency and to prepare the student for a rigorous high school curriculum. The success plan shall be developed in collaboration with the student and his or her parent and must be implemented until the student completes the eighth grade or achieves a score at Level 3 or above in reading on the FCAT, whichever occurs first. The success plan must minimize paperwork and may be incorporated into a parent/teacher conference, included as part of a progress report or report card, included as part of a general orientation at the beginning of the school year, or provided by electronic mail or other written correspondence.

(b) The personalized middle school success plan must:

1. Identify educational goals and intermediate benchmarks for the student in the core curriculum areas which 31 | will prepare the student for high school.

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- Be based upon academic performance data and an identification of the student's strengths and weaknesses.
- 3. Include academic intervention strategies with frequent progress monitoring.
- 4. Provide innovative methods to promote the student's advancement which may include, but not be limited to, flexible scheduling, tutoring, focus on core curricula, online instruction, an alternative learning environment, or other interventions that have been shown to accelerate the learning process.
- (c) The personalized middle school success plan must be incorporated into any individual student plan required by federal or state law, including the academic improvement plan required in s. 1008.25, an individual education plan (IEP) for a student with disabilities, a federal 504 plan, or an ESOL <del>plan.</del>
- (d) The Department of Education shall provide technical assistance for districts, school administrators, and instructional personnel regarding the development of personalized middle school success plans. The assistance shall include strategies and techniques designed to maximize interaction between students, parents, teachers, and other instructional and administrative staff while minimizing paperwork.
  - (8) STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AUTHORITY.-
- (a) The State Board of Education shall have authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.
- (b) The State Board of Education shall have authority pursuant to s. 1008.32 to enforce the provisions of this 31 section.

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| 1  | Section 21. Section 1003.4156, Florida Statutes, is            |
| 2  | created to read:   |
| 3  | 1003.4156 General requirements for middle school               |
| 4  | promotion  |
| 5  | (1) Beginning with students entering grade 6 in the            |
| 6  | 2006-2007 school year, promotion from a middle school with     |
| 7  | grades 6 through 8 requires that:                              |
| 8  | (a) A student must successfully complete academic              |
| 9  | courses as follows:  |
| 10 | 1. Three middle school or higher courses in                    |
| 11 | English/language arts. These courses shall emphasize           |
| 12 | literature, composition, and technical and informational text. |
| 13 | 2. Three middle school or higher courses in                    |
| 14 | mathematics. School districts must offer at least one high     |
| 15 | school level mathematics course for which students may earn    |
| 16 | high school credit.  |
| 17 | 3. Three middle school or higher courses in social             |
| 18 | studies.   |
| 19 | 4. Three middle school or higher courses in science.           |
| 20 | 5. One course in career and education planning to be           |
| 21 | completed in 7th or 8th grade. The course may be taught by any |
| 22 | member of the instructional staff; must include career         |
| 23 | exploration using CHOICES for the 21st Century or a comparable |
| 24 | cost-effective program; must include educational planning      |
| 25 | using the online student advising system known as Florida      |
| 26 | Academic Counseling and Tracking for Students at the Internet  |
| 27 | website FACTS.org; and shall result in the completion of a     |
| 28 | personalized academic and career plan. Each student's plan     |
| 29 | must be signed by the student, the student's guidance          |
| 30 | counselor or academic advisor, and the student's parent. By    |
| 31 | January 1 2007 the Department of Education shall develop       |

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course frameworks and professional development materials for the career and education planning course to be implemented as a stand-alone course or integrated into another course or courses.

- (b) For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 on FCAT reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be determined by diagnosis of appropriate strategies for targeting the varying instructional needs of students who are reading below grade level. Reading courses must be designed and offered pursuant to the reading instruction plan required by s. 1001.62(8).
- (c) For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 on FCAT mathematics, the student must complete an intensive mathematics course the following year, which may be integrated into the student's required mathematics course. These courses are subject to approval by the department for inclusion in the Course Code Directory.
- (d) Additional course requirements for middle-grades promotion shall be determined by each school district in the pupil progression plan, which may include additional academic courses, including the fine and performing arts, physical education, or career and technical education, in order to provide a complete education program as defined in s. 1001.41(3).
- (2) District school boards shall establish policies to implement the requirements of this section. The policies must include procedures for placing and promoting students who 31 enter a Florida public school at the sixth, seventh, or eighth

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- 1 grade from out of state or from a foreign country. The 2 policies may allow alternative methods for students to 3 demonstrate competency in the courses required by this section. School districts shall emphasize alternative methods for students scoring at Level 1 on FCAT Reading who have been 5 retained in elementary school. The alternatives shall include, 7 but are not limited to, opportunities for students to:
  - (a) Be promoted on time to high school.
  - (b) Be placed in programs that emphasize applied integrated curricula, small learning communities, career exploration, support services, alternative discipline, or other strategies documented to improve student achievement.

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- Within 30 days after adoption, the school district's policies shall be submitted to the State Board of Education for approval. The school district's policies shall be automatically approved unless specifically rejected by the State Board of Education within 60 days after receipt.
- (3) Students in the sixth, seventh, or eighth grade who are not enrolled in schools having a middle grades configuration are subject to the promotion requirements of this section.
- Section 22. Section 1003.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.42 Required instruction.--

(1) Each district school board shall provide all courses required for middle grades promotion, high school graduation, and appropriate instruction designed to ensure that students meet State Board of Education adopted standards in the following subject areas: reading and other language 31 arts, mathematics, science, social studies, foreign languages,

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30 31 health and physical education, and the arts.

- (2) Members of the instructional staff of the public schools, subject to the rules of the State Board of Education and the district school board, shall teach efficiently and faithfully, using the books and materials required that meet the highest standards for professionalism and historic accuracy, following the prescribed courses of study, and employing approved methods of instruction, the following:
- (a) The <u>history and</u> content of the Declaration of Independence, including national sovereignty, natural law, self-evident truth, equality of all persons, limited government, popular sovereignty, and inalienable rights of life, liberty, and property, and how they form it forms the philosophical foundation of our government.
- (b) The history, meaning, significance, and effect of the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and amendments thereto, with emphasis on each of the 10 amendments that make up the Bill of Rights and how the constitution provides the structure of our government.
- $\underline{(c)(b)}$  The arguments in support of adopting our republican form of government, as they are embodied in the most important of the Federalist Papers.
- (c) The essentials of the United States Constitution and how it provides the structure of our government.
- (d) Flag education, including proper flag display and flag salute.
- (e) The elements of civil government, including the primary functions of and interrelationships between the Federal Government, the state, and its counties, municipalities, school districts, and special districts.
  - (f) The history of the United States, including the

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period of discovery, early colonies, the War for Independence,
the Civil War, the expansion of the United States to its

present boundaries, the world wars, and the civil rights

movement to the present. American history shall be viewed as
factual, not as constructed, shall be viewed as knowable,
teachable, and testable, and shall be defined as the creation
of a new nation based largely on the universal principles
stated in the Declaration of Independence.

(g)(f) The history of the Holocaust (1933-1945), the systematic, planned annihilation of European Jews and other groups by Nazi Germany, a watershed event in the history of humanity, to be taught in a manner that leads to an investigation of human behavior, an understanding of the ramifications of prejudice, racism, and stereotyping, and an examination of what it means to be a responsible and respectful person, for the purposes of encouraging tolerance of diversity in a pluralistic society and for nurturing and protecting democratic values and institutions.

(h)(g) The history of African Americans, including the history of African peoples before the political conflicts that led to the development of slavery, the passage to America, the enslavement experience, abolition, and the contributions of African Americans to society.

(i)(h) The elementary principles of agriculture.

 $\underline{(j)}(i)$  The true effects of all alcoholic and intoxicating liquors and beverages and narcotics upon the human body and mind.

(k) (k) (i) Kindness to animals.

(1) (k) The history of the state.

(m) (1) The conservation of natural resources.

 $\underline{\text{(n)}}$  Comprehensive health education that addresses

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| 1  | concepts of community health; consumer health; environmental              |
| 2  | health; family life, including an awareness of the benefits of            |
| 3  | sexual abstinence as the expected standard and the                        |
| 4  | consequences of teenage pregnancy; mental and emotional                   |
| 5  | health; injury prevention and safety; nutrition; personal                 |
| 6  | health; prevention and control of disease; and substance use              |
| 7  | and abuse.  |
| 8  | (o)(n) Such additional materials, subjects, courses,                      |
| 9  | or fields in such grades as are prescribed by law or by rules             |
| 10 | of the State Board of Education and the district school board             |
| 11 | in fulfilling the requirements of law.                                    |
| 12 | $\frac{(p)(\sigma)}{(\sigma)}$ The study of Hispanic contributions to the |
| 13 | United States.  |
| 14 | $\frac{(q)}{(p)}$ The study of women's contributions to the               |
| 15 | United States.  |
| 16 | (r) The nature and importance of free enterprise to                       |
| 17 | the United States economy.  |
| 18 | $\frac{(s)(q)}{(q)}$ A character-development program in the               |
| 19 | elementary schools, similar to Character First or Character               |
| 20 | Counts, which is secular in nature and stresses such character            |
| 21 | qualities as attentiveness, patience, and initiative.                     |
| 22 | Beginning in school year 2004-2005, the character-development             |
| 23 | program shall be required in kindergarten through grade 12.               |
| 24 | Each district school board shall develop or adopt a curriculum            |
| 25 | for the character-development program that shall be submitted             |
| 26 | to the department for approval. The character-development                 |
| 27 | curriculum shall stress the qualities of patriotism <u>:</u>              |
| 28 | responsibility; citizenship; kindness; respect for                        |
| 29 | authority, life, liberty, and personal property; honesty;                 |

charity; - self-control; - racial, ethnic, and religious

31 tolerance: and cooperation.

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(t)(r) In order to encourage patriotism, the sacrifices that veterans have made in serving our country and protecting democratic values worldwide. Such instruction must occur on or before Veterans' Day and Memorial Day. Members of the instructional staff are encouraged to use the assistance of local veterans when practicable.

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# The State Board of Education is encouraged to adopt standards and pursue assessment of the requirements of this subsection.

(3) Any student whose parent makes written request to the school principal shall be exempted from the teaching of reproductive health or any disease, including HIV/AIDS, its symptoms, development, and treatment. A student so exempted may not be penalized by reason of that exemption. Course descriptions for comprehensive health education shall not interfere with the local determination of appropriate curriculum which reflects local values and concerns.

Section 23. Section 1003.428, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.428 General requirements for high school graduation; revised.--

- (1) Except as otherwise authorized pursuant to s.

  1003.429, beginning with students entering their first year of high school in the 2007-2008 school year, graduation requires the successful completion of a minimum of 24 credits or an Advanced International Certificate of Education Curriculum or an International Baccalaureate curriculum.
- (2) The 24 credits may be earned through applied, integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education and shall be distributed as follows:
  - (a) Sixteen core curriculum credits:

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| 1  | 1. Four credits in English, with major concentration          |
| 2  | in composition, technical reading, and literature.            |
| 3  | 2. Four credits in mathematics, one of which must be          |
| 4  | Algebra I, a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I, or a  |
| 5  | higher-level mathematics course.                              |
| 6  | 3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a         |
| 7  | laboratory component.   |
| 8  | 4. Three credits in social studies as follows: one            |
| 9  | credit in American history; one credit in world history;      |
| 10 | one-half credit in economics; and one-half credit in American |
| 11 | government.   |
| 12 | 5. One credit in fine arts.                                   |
| 13 | 6. One credit in physical education.                          |
| 14 | (b) Eight credits in majors, minors, or electives:            |
| 15 | 1. Four credits in a major area of study selected by          |
| 16 | the student as part of the career and education plan required |
| 17 | by s. 1003.4156. The State Board of Education shall approve   |
| 18 | major areas of study. School districts may submit proposals   |
| 19 | for new majors to the State Board of Education which, upon    |
| 20 | approval, shall be available for use by all school districts. |
| 21 | 2. Four credits in elective courses selected by the           |
| 22 | student as part of the career and education plan required by  |
| 23 | s. 1003.4156. These credits may be combined to allow for a    |
| 24 | second major area of study pursuant to subparagraph 1.; a     |
| 25 | minor area of study, or elective courses, intensive reading,  |
| 26 | or mathematics intervention courses; or credit-recovery       |
| 27 | courses as described in this subparagraph.                    |
| 28 | a. Minor areas of study are composed of three credits         |

31 Board of Education which, upon approval, shall be available

and approved by the State Board of Education. School districts may submit proposals for new minor areas of study to the State

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for use by all school districts.

b. Elective courses are selected by the student in order to pursue a complete education program as described in s. 1001.41(3).

c. Intensive reading or mathematics intervention courses are based on student performance on the FCAT. These courses should be competency based and offered through innovative delivery systems, including computer-assisted instruction. School districts should use learning gains, other appropriate data, and incentives to identify and reward high-performing teachers in reading and mathematics who teach intensive-intervention courses.

(I) For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 on FCAT reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The Department of Education shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for targeting the varying instructional needs of students who are reading below grade level. Reading courses must be designed and offered pursuant to the reading instruction plan required by s. 1001.62(8).

(II) For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 on FCAT mathematics, the student must complete an intensive mathematics course the following year. These courses are subject to approval by the Department of Education for inclusion in the Course Code Directory.

d. Credit-recovery courses are provided so that students can simultaneously earn an elective credit and the 31 recovered credit. These courses should be competency based and

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offered through innovative delivery systems, including computer-assisted instruction.

- (3) District school boards shall establish policies to implement the requirements of secondary school reform pursuant to s. 1003.415. The policies must address each of the following:
- (a) Applied, integrated, and combined courses that provide flexibility for students to enroll in creative majors and minors, elective courses, and credit-recovery courses.
- (b) Procedures for placing and promoting students who enter high school from out of state or from a foreign country. The policies may allow alternative methods for students to demonstrate competency in the courses required by this section.
  - (c) Grade forgiveness.
- (d) Summer academies for students to receive intensive intervention courses in reading and mathematics or competency based credit-recovery courses. A student's participation in an instructional or remediation program prior to or immediately following entering grade 9 for the first time shall not affect that student's classification as a first-time 9th grader for reporting purposes, including calculation of graduation and dropout rates.
- (e) Strategies to support teachers' pursuit of the reading endorsement and emphasize reading instruction professional development for content area teachers.
- (f) Creative and flexible alternative scheduling designed to meet student needs.
- (g) Career and education planning for students who do not have a 4- to 5-year academic and career plan. Each 31 student's plan must be signed by the student, the student's

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| 1  | guidance counselor or academic advisor and the student's       |
| 2  | parent.  |
| 3  | (h) Tools for parents to regularly monitor student             |
| 4  | progress and communicate with teachers.                        |
| 5  | (i) Additional course requirements for graduation              |
| 6  | which may be determined by each school district in the student |
| 7  | progression plan.  |
| 8  | (4) The Department of Education shall increase the             |
| 9  | number of approved applied, integrated, and combined courses   |
| 10 | available to school districts and shall coordinate policies    |
| 11 | and assistance across the department in order to support the   |
| 12 | successful implementation of this section by school districts. |
| 13 | Courses submitted for approval by school districts, including  |
| 14 | those that combine technical skills and academic content, must |
| 15 | be received by the Department of Education no later than 5     |
| 16 | months before the beginning of the school term in which such   |
| 17 | courses are planned to be offered. The State Board of          |
| 18 | Education must approve or disapprove courses no later than 3   |
| 19 | months before the school term in which such courses are        |
| 20 | planned to be offered. The Department of Education shall       |
| 21 | present newly proposed courses to the board for approval a     |
| 22 | minimum of three times annually.                               |
| 23 | (5) The provisions of this section shall supersede any         |
| 24 | conflicting provisions of s. 1003.43.                          |
| 25 | Section 24. Section 1003.429, Florida Statutes, is             |
| 26 | amended to read:   |
| 27 | 1003.429 Accelerated high school graduation options            |
| 28 | (1) Students who enter grade 9 in the 2006-2007                |
| 29 | 2004-2005 school year and thereafter may select, upon receipt  |
| 30 | of each consent required by this section, one of the following |

31 <u>two</u> three high school graduation options:

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- (a) Completion of the general requirements for high school graduation pursuant to s. 1003.43; or
- (b) Completion of a 3-year standard college preparatory program requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18 academic credits in grades 9 through 12. At least 6 of the 18 credits required for completion of this program must be received in classes that are offered pursuant to the International Baccalaureate Program administered by the International Baccalaureate Office or the Advanced Placement Program administered by the College Board honors, dual enrollment, advanced placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, specifically listed or identified by the Department of Education as rigorous pursuant to s. 1009.531(3), or weighted by the district school board for class ranking purposes. The 18 credits required for completion of this program shall be primary requirements and shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition and literature;
- 2. Three credits in mathematics at the Algebra I level or higher from the list of courses that qualify for state university admission;
- 3. Three credits in natural science, two of which must have a laboratory component;
- 4. Three credits in social sciences, which must include one credit in American history, one credit in world history, one-half credit in American government, and one-half credit in economics;
- 5. Two credits in the same second language unless the student is a native speaker of or can otherwise demonstrate 31 competency in a language other than English. If the student

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| 1  | demonstrates competency in another language, the student may   |
| 2  | replace the language requirement with two credits in other     |
| 3  | academic courses; and  |
| 4  | 6. Three credits in electives <u>.</u> ; or                    |
| 5  | (c) Completion of a 3-year career preparatory program          |
| 6  | requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18 academic    |
| 7  | credits in grades 9 through 12. The 18 credits shall be        |
| 8  | primary requirements and shall be distributed as follows:      |
| 9  | 1. Four credits in English, with major concentration           |
| 10 | in composition and literature;                                 |
| 11 | 2. Three credits in mathematics, one of which must be          |
| 12 | Algebra I;   |
| 13 | 3. Three credits in natural science, two of which must         |
| 14 | have a laboratory component;                                   |
| 15 | 4. Three credits in social sciences, which must                |
| 16 | include one credit in American history, one credit in world    |
| 17 | history, one-half credit in American government, and one-half  |
| 18 | credit in economics;   |
| 19 | 5. Three credits in a single vocational or career              |
| 20 | education program, three credits in career and technical       |
| 21 | certificate dual enrollment courses, or five credits in        |
| 22 | vocational or career education courses; and                    |
| 23 | 6. Two credits in electives unless five credits are            |
| 24 | earned pursuant to subparagraph 5.                             |
| 25 |  |
| 26 | Any student who selected an accelerated graduation program     |
| 27 | before July 1, 2004, may continue that program, and all        |
| 28 | statutory program requirements that were applicable when the   |
| 29 | student made the program choice shall remain applicable to the |
|    |  |

30 student as long as the student continues that program.

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| 1  | paragraph (1)(b) <del>or paragraph (1)(c)</del> , <u>a student and the</u>  |
| 2  | student's parent must meet with designated school personnel to              |
| 3  | receive an explanation of the relative requirements,                        |
| 4  | advantages, and disadvantages of each program option, and the               |
| 5  | student must also receive the written consent of the student's              |
| 6  | high school principal, high school guidance counselor, and                  |
| 7  | parent. the following requirements must be met:                             |
| 8  | (a) Designated school personnel shall meet with the                         |
| 9  | student and student's parent to give an explanation of the                  |
| 10 | relative requirements, advantages, and disadvantages of each                |
| 11 | graduation option.  |
| 12 | (b) The student shall submit to the high school                             |
| 13 | principal and guidance counselor a signed parental consent to               |
| 14 | enter the 3-year accelerated graduation program.                            |
| 15 | (c) The student shall have achieved at least an FCAT                        |
| 16 | reading achievement level of 3, an FCAT mathematics                         |
| 17 | achievement level of 3, and an FCAT Writing score of 3 on the               |
| 18 | most recent assessments taken by the student.                               |
| 19 | (3) Beginning with the <u>2006-2007</u> <del>2004-2005</del> school         |
| 20 | year, each district school board shall provide each student in              |
| 21 | grades 6 through 9 and their parents with information                       |
| 22 | concerning the 3-year and 4-year high school graduation                     |
| 23 | options listed in subsection (1), including the respective                  |
| 24 | curriculum requirements for those options, so that the                      |
| 25 | students and their parents may select the program                           |
| 26 | postsecondary education or career plan that best fits their                 |
| 27 | needs. The information <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> include a timeframe for |
| 28 | achieving each graduation option.   |
| 29 | (4) Selection of one of the graduation options listed                       |

30 in subsection (1) must be completed by the student prior to

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parent, subject to the requirements in subsection (2). Each district school board shall establish policies for extending this deadline to the end of a student's first semester of grade 10 for a student who entered a Florida public school after grade 9 upon transfer from a private school or another state or who was prevented from choosing a graduation option due to illness during grade 9. If the student and parent fail to select a graduation option, the student shall be considered to have selected the general requirements for high school graduation pursuant to paragraph (1)(a).

- (5) District school boards may shall not establish requirements for the accelerated 3-year high school graduation option options in excess of the requirements in paragraph paragraphs (1)(b) and (c).
- (6) Students pursuing the accelerated 3-year high school graduation option options pursuant to paragraph (1)(b) or paragraph (1)(c) are required to:
- (a) Earn passing scores on the FCAT as defined in s. 1008.22(3)(c) or scores on a standardized test that are concordant with passing scores on the FCAT as defined in s. 1008.22(9).
- (b)1. Achieve a cumulative weighted grade point average of 3.5 3.0 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required for the college preparatory accelerated 3-year standard college preparatory program under high school graduation option pursuant to paragraph (1)(b); and or
- 2. Receive a grade no lower than a "B" or its equivalent, representing at least 3.0 points on a 4.0 scale, in any course taken in connection with the accelerated 3-year standard college preparatory program under paragraph (1)(b). 31 If any student participating in the accelerated 3-year

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| 1  | standard college preparatory program does not meet this        |
| 2  | requirement, the student shall be required to complete the     |
| 3  | general requirements for high school graduation pursuant to s. |
| 4  | 1003.43.   |
| 5  | (7) A student who selects the accelerated 3-year               |
| 6  | standard college preparatory graduation program may change at  |
| 7  | any time to the 4-year program set forth in s. 1003.43.        |
| 8  | (8) If, at the end of the 10th grade, a student is not         |
| 9  | on track to meet the course, testing, grade, or                |
| 10 | grade-point-average requirements of the accelerated graduation |
| 11 | option, the student shall default to the standard 4-year       |
| 12 | graduation option.   |
| 13 | 2. Achieve a cumulative weighted grade point average           |
| 14 | of 3.0 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses       |
| 15 | required for the career preparatory accelerated 3-year high    |
| 16 | school graduation option pursuant to paragraph (1)(c).         |
| 17 | (c) Receive a weighted or unweighted grade that earns          |
| 18 | at least 3.0 points, or its equivalent, to earn course credit  |
| 19 | toward the 18 credits required for the college preparatory     |
| 20 | accelerated 3-year high school graduation option pursuant to   |
| 21 | paragraph (1)(b).  |
| 22 | (d) Receive a weighted or unweighted grade that earns          |
| 23 | at least 2.0 points, or its equivalent, to earn course credit  |
| 24 | toward the 18 credits required for the career preparatory      |
| 25 | accelerated 3-year high school graduation option pursuant to   |
| 26 | paragraph (1)(c).  |
| 27 |  |
| 28 | Weighted grades referred to in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d)    |
| 29 | shall be applied to those courses specifically listed or       |
| 30 | identified by the department as rigorous pursuant to s.        |
| 31 | 1009.531(3) or weighted by the district school board for class |

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| 1  | ranking purposes.  |
| 2  | (7) If, at the end of grade 10, a student is not on            |
| 3  | track to meet the credit, assessment, or grade-point-average   |
| 4  | requirements of the accelerated graduation option selected,    |
| 5  | the school shall notify the student and parent of the          |
| 6  | following:   |
| 7  | (a) The requirements that the student is not currently         |
| 8  | meeting.   |
| 9  | (b) The specific performance necessary in grade 11 for         |
| 10 | the student to meet the accelerated graduation requirements.   |
| 11 | (c) The right of the student to change to the 4-year           |
| 12 | program set forth in s. 1003.43.                               |
| 13 | (8) A student who selected one of the accelerated              |
| 14 | 3-year graduation options shall automatically move to the      |
| 15 | 4-year program set forth in s. 1003.43 if the student:         |
| 16 | (a) Exercises his or her right to change to the 4-year         |
| 17 | <del>program;</del>  |
| 18 | (b) Fails to earn 5 credits by the end of grade 9 or           |
| 19 | fails to earn 11 credits by the end of grade 10;               |
| 20 | (c) Does not achieve a score of 3 or higher on the             |
| 21 | grade 10 FCAT Writing assessment; or                           |
| 22 | (d) By the end of grade 11 does not meet the                   |
| 23 | requirements of subsections (1) and (6).                       |
| 24 | (9) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in         |
| 25 | subsections (1) and (6) shall be awarded a standard diploma in |
| 26 | a form prescribed by the State Board of Education.             |
| 27 | (10) A student who seeks academic graduation honors,           |
| 28 | such as being named valedictorian or salutatorian of a high    |
| 29 | school graduating class, must select the option set forth in   |
| 30 | paragraph (1)(a) and complete the general requirements for     |
| 31 | high school graduation pursuant to s 1003 43                   |

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Section 25. Section 1003.437, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.437 Middle and high school grading system. -- The grading system and interpretation of letter grades used for students in public high schools in grades 6-12 shall be as follows:

- (1) Grade "A" equals 90 percent through 100 percent, has a grade point average value of 4, and is defined as "outstanding progress."
- (2) Grade "B" equals 80 percent through 89 percent, has a grade point average value of 3, and is defined as "above average progress."
- (3) Grade "C" equals 70 percent through 79 percent, has a grade point average value of 2, and is defined as "average progress."
- (4) Grade "D" equals 60 percent through 69 percent, has a grade point average value of 1, and is defined as "lowest acceptable progress."
- (5) Grade "F" equals zero percent through 59 percent, has a grade point average value of zero, and is defined as "failure."
- (6) Grade "I" equals zero percent, has a grade point average value of zero, and is defined as "incomplete."

25 For the purposes of class ranking, district school boards may exercise a weighted grading system pursuant to s. 1007.271. 26

Section 26. Section 1003.491, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.491 Career education.--

(1) School board, superintendent, and school 31 accountability for career education within elementary and

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secondary schools includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) Student exposure to a variety of careers and provision of instruction to explore specific careers in greater depth.
- (b) Student awareness of available career programs and the corresponding occupations into which such programs lead.
- (c) Student development of individual <u>academic and</u> career plans <u>as specified in s. 1003.415(5)</u>.
- (d) Integration of academic and career skills in the secondary curriculum.
- (e) Student preparation to enter the workforce and enroll in postsecondary education without being required to complete college preparatory or career preparatory instruction.
- (f) Student retention in school through high school graduation.
- (g) Career education curriculum articulation with corresponding postsecondary programs in the career center or community college, or both.
- (2) A No school board or public school may not shall require a student to participate in any school-to-work or job training program. A district school board or school may shall not require a student to meet occupational standards for grade level promotion or graduation unless the student is voluntarily enrolled in a job training program.
- (3) Each district school board and superintendent shall implement all components required to obtain the career education certification on the high school diploma if the school district chooses to offer the certification.
- Section 27. Section 1003.493, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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| 1  | 1003.493 Career and professional academies                     |
| 2  | (1) A "career and professional academy" is a                   |
| 3  | research-based program as described in subsection (3) which    |
| 4  | offers a rigorous and relevant academic curriculum with an     |
| 5  | industry and business relevant career theme offered by a       |
| 6  | public school or school district.                              |
| 7  | (2) The goals of career and professional academies are         |
| 8  | to:  |
| 9  | (a) Increase student achievement.                              |
| 10 | (b) Focus on careers and postsecondary education.              |
| 11 | (c) Raise student aspiration and commitment to                 |
| 12 | academic achievement.  |
| 13 | (3) A career and professional academy may be offered           |
| 14 | as one of the following small learning communities:            |
| 15 | (a) A Career High-Skill Occupational Initiative for            |
| 16 | Career Education (CHOICE) academy, pursuant to s. 1003.494,    |
| 17 | with one career theme and created as part of an existing high  |
| 18 | school or as a school-within-a-school program. Students in the |
| 19 | school are not required to be students in the academy.         |
| 20 | (b) A comprehensive career academy, pursuant to s.             |
| 21 | 1003.495, which is structured around one or more career themes |
| 22 | and consists of one or more career academy programs.           |
| 23 | (4) Each career and professional academy must:                 |
| 24 | (a) Provide a rigorous and relevant standards-based            |
| 25 | academic curriculum through a career-based theme with          |
| 26 | instruction relevant to the career. The curriculum must take   |
| 27 | into consideration multiple styles of student learning;        |
| 28 | promote learning by doing through application and adaptation;  |
| 29 | maximize relevance of the subject matter; enhance each         |
| 30 | student's capacity to excel; and include an emphasis on work   |
| 31 | habits and work ethics.  |

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| 1  | (b) Include one or more partnerships with businesses,          |
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| 2  | industry, employers, economic development organizations, or    |
| 3  | other appropriate partners from the local community. Such      |
| 4  | partnerships must include opportunities for:                   |
| 5  | 1. Highly skilled professionals to provide instruction         |
| 6  | in their areas of expertise.                                   |
| 7  | 2. Use of state-of-the-art equipment in the                    |
| 8  | instructional program of the academy.                          |
| 9  | 3. Internships, externships, and on-the-job training.          |
| 10 | (c) Include one or more partnerships with public or            |
| 11 | private postsecondary institutions accredited by a regional or |
| 12 | national accrediting agency recognized by the United States    |
| 13 | Department of Education. The educational partner must:         |
| 14 | 1. Agree to articulate coursework to maximize                  |
| 15 | transferability of credit.                                     |
| 16 | 2. Offer a postsecondary degree, diploma, or                   |
| 17 | certificate in the career theme of the academy.                |
| 18 | (d) Provide creative and tailored student advisement,          |
| 19 | including opportunities and encouragement for parent           |
| 20 | participation in career education planning, and coordination   |
| 21 | with middle schools in the school district to provide career   |
| 22 | counseling. The coordination with middle schools must include  |
| 23 | promotion in middle school of secondary and postsecondary      |
| 24 | career education programs and opportunities to participate in  |
| 25 | an academy. Such promotion may take place through middle       |
| 26 | school exploratory courses.                                    |
| 27 | (e) Provide a career education certification on the            |
| 28 | high school diploma pursuant to s. 1003.431.                   |
| 29 | (f) Provide instruction, certification, or credentials         |
| 30 | in work-readiness skills, including, but not limited to,       |

31 communication skills, interpersonal skills, decisionmaking

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skills, the importance of attendance and timeliness in the work environment, and work ethics.

- (g) Establish student eligibility criteria. While recognizing that rigorous academic performance will be expected of all students participating in an academy, initial eligibility criteria must permit opportunities for students who may not yet meet the academic requirements but demonstrate characteristics that may lead to success in an academy. The aim of an academy should be to serve not only students who are already succeeding but also students who would succeed if the proper instructional and motivational opportunities were provided.
- (5) If a career and professional academy is designated as a CHOICE academy under s. 1003.494 or a comprehensive career academy under s. 1003.495, the career education courses offered in the academy which emphasize reading, writing, mathematics, and science may be considered core curricula courses upon approval of the Commissioner of Education. Section 28. Section 1003.494, Florida Statutes, is
- 1003.494 Career High-Skill Occupational Initiative for Career Education (CHOICE) academies.--
- (1) The Department of Education shall establish a Career High-Skill Occupational Initiative for Career Education (CHOICE) project. The project shall consist of a competitive process for selecting and designating school districts as participants in the project and designating CHOICE academies in schools within participating school districts.
- (2) A CHOICE academy is a career and professional academy that meets the goals and requirements specified in s. 31 1003.493 and offers a rigorous and relevant academic

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- 1 curriculum leading to industry-recognized certification, 2 college credit, and credit toward a high school diploma. 3 Existing career education courses may serve as a foundation
- for the creation of a CHOICE academy.
  - (3) The purpose of a CHOICE academy shall be to:
  - (a) Draw upon ongoing partnerships between education and workforce development or economic development organizations to enhance the quality and opportunities for career education for high school students by exposure to in-demand career education as identified by such organizations in the local community.
  - (b) Build upon the state system of school improvement and education accountability by providing students with a solid academic foundation, opportunities to obtain industry-recognized certification or credentials, and preparation for postsecondary educational experiences in related fields.
  - (c) Focus students on completing high school graduation requirements, including, but not limited to, receiving passing scores on the grade 10 FCAT.
  - (d) Prepare graduating high school students to make appropriate choices relative to employment and future educational experiences.
- (4) The Department of Education shall establish application guidelines for an annual competitive process and eligibility criteria for school district participation. A school district may apply to the department for designation as a CHOICE project participating district, and the department, in consultation with Workforce Florida, Inc., and Enterprise Florida, Inc., may designate as many school districts as it 31 deems advisable each year. Eligibility criteria for

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designation of a school district as a CHOICE project 1 2 participant shall include, but need not be limited to:

- (a) The willingness and ability of associated businesses or industries to form partnerships with and support CHOICE academies.
- (b) The dedication of school district resources to CHOICE academies.
- (5) The Department of Education, in consultation with Workforce Florida, Inc., shall establish standards for designating specific CHOICE academies in each participating school district. The Okaloosa County School District may serve in an advisory role in the establishment of such standards. A participating school district may apply to the department for designation of a CHOICE academy within a school in the district. Eligibility criteria for such designation must include, but need not be limited to, the following:
- (a) The existence of partnerships with an associated business or industry and a regional workforce board or the primary local economic development organization in the county as recognized by Enterprise Florida, Inc. The partnership of the business or industry with the CHOICE academy must be based on the connection of the business or industry with the academy's career theme and must involve future plans for improving the local economy. The business or industry partner must be consulted during the planning stages of a CHOICE academy and provide business or industry support and resources devoted to the CHOICE academy.
- (b) The existence of at least one established partnership and an articulation agreement for credit with a postsecondary institution.
  - (c) The existence of participation opportunities for

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| 1  | students, including students in home education programs,       |
| 2  | students with disabilities, and nontraditional students.       |
| 3  | (d) The existence of a plan for sustaining the CHOICE          |
| 4  | academy.   |
| 5  |  |
| 6  | The Okaloosa County School District and other school districts |
| 7  | that have received funding from Workforce Florida, Inc., for   |
| 8  | the establishment of CHOICE academies prior to July 1, 2006,   |
| 9  | shall receive an expedited review for CHOICE academy           |
| 10 | designation by the department.                                 |
| 11 | (6) A participating school district shall:                     |
| 12 | (a) Identify an appropriate location for classes.              |
| 13 | (b) Ensure that a CHOICE academy is flexible enough to         |
| 14 | respond both to the needs and abilities of students and to the |
| 15 | needs of associated businesses or industries.                  |
| 16 | (c) Redirect appropriated funding from ongoing                 |
| 17 | activities to a CHOICE academy.                                |
| 18 | (d) Plan for sustaining a CHOICE academy as an ongoing         |
| 19 | program without additional funding.                            |
| 20 | (e) Assist in program technical support for students           |
| 21 | in private schools, charter schools, or home education         |
| 22 | programs.  |
| 23 | (f) Allow students in private schools, charter                 |
| 24 | schools, or home education programs to participate in a CHOICE |
| 25 | academy through dual enrollment.                               |
| 26 | (7) The Department of Education shall:                         |
| 27 | (a) With assistance from Workforce Florida, Inc.,              |
| 28 | provide technical assistance to participating school districts |
| 29 | in submitting applications for designation of specific CHOICE  |
| 30 | academies located in specific schools in the school district,  |
| 31 | reorganizing career education opportunities, developing CHOICE |

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academies with career themes in areas deemed appropriate by Workforce Florida, Inc., or local economic development organizations, and developing funding plans.

- (b) Approve or disapprove within 30 days a request by a participating school district on behalf of a designated CHOICE academy for the substitution of appropriate rigorous and relevant coursework deemed critical for student success by an industry for coursework required for high school graduation. If the school district does not receive a response to the request within 30 days, the district school board shall allow the substitution according to its student progression plan pursuant to s. 1003.43(1).
- (c) Make appropriate policy decisions relative to CHOICE academies when such decisions are not specifically directed by law.
- (d) Jointly with Workforce Florida, Inc., and in consultation with the school districts, develop evaluation criteria for CHOICE academies. Such criteria shall include increased academic performance of students and schools using school-level accountability data.
- 21 (e) Report to the State Board of Education, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 22 House of Representatives by July 1 of each year on school 23 district participation in the CHOICE project, designated 2.4 2.5 CHOICE academies with enrollment and completion data for such academies, and appropriate outcomes for students who have 27 completed a CHOICE academy program. Such outcomes may include 28 continuing educational experiences of CHOICE academy
- academies, placement of CHOICE academy graduates in 30

graduates, business or industry satisfaction with the CHOICE

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| 1 | (f) Have the authority to promote CHOICE academies and |
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| 2 | to provide planning and startup resources.             |
| 3 | (8) Pursuant to appropriation in the General           |

Appropriations Act, the Department of Education shall award one-time startup funds to five of the school districts designated as participants in the CHOICE project for the development of CHOICE academies. All school districts designated by the department are authorized to establish one or more CHOICE academies without incentive funds.

Section 29. Section 1003.495, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.495 Comprehensive career academies.--

- (1) The Department of Education shall establish a comprehensive career academy project to provide for the designation of comprehensive career academies in the school districts.
- (2) A comprehensive career academy is a career and professional academy that meets the goals and requirements specified in s. 1003.493 and offers a rigorous and relevant academic curriculum that prepares students for college, careers, and productive citizenship.
- (3) The Department of Education, in consultation with the school districts, shall adopt criteria for evaluation of comprehensive career academies and an assessment tool based on national standards of practice. The assessment tool must be designed so that a comprehensive career academy may use it as a self-assessment tool.
- (4) Each comprehensive career academy shall perform a self-assessment using the adopted assessment tool at the end of the first year of operation and periodically thereafter as 31 <u>determined by the Department of Education.</u>

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| 1  | (5) A school district may request the Department of            |
| 2  | Education to conduct an assessment of a comprehensive career   |
| 3  | academy for purposes of designation by the department as a     |
| 4  | comprehensive career academy. If the department determines     |
| 5  | that an academy meets national standards of practice, the      |
| 6  | department shall designate the academy as a comprehensive      |
| 7  | career academy.  |
| 8  | (6) The Department of Education shall approve or               |
| 9  | disapprove within 30 days a request by a school district on    |
| 10 | behalf of a designated comprehensive career academy for the    |
| 11 | substitution of appropriate rigorous and relevant coursework   |
| 12 | deemed critical for student success by an industry for         |
| 13 | coursework required for high school graduation. If the school  |
| 14 | district does not receive a response to the request within 30  |
| 15 | days, the district school board shall allow the substitution   |
| 16 | according to its student progression plan pursuant to s.       |
| 17 | 1003.43(1).  |
| 18 | Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 1003.43, Florida         |
| 19 | Statutes, is amended to read:                                  |
| 20 | 1003.43 General requirements for high school                   |
| 21 | graduation   |
| 22 | (1) Graduation requires successful completion of               |
| 23 | either a minimum of 24 academic credits in grades 9 through 12 |
| 24 | or an International Baccalaureate curriculum. The 24 credits   |
| 25 | shall be distributed as follows:                               |
| 26 | (a) Four credits in English, with major concentration          |

- (a) Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition and literature.
- (b) Three credits in mathematics. Effective for students entering the 9th grade in the 1997-1998 school year and thereafter, one of these credits must be Algebra I, a 31 series of courses equivalent to Algebra I, or a higher-level

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mathematics course.

- (c) Three credits in science, two of which must have a laboratory component. Agriscience Foundations I, the core course in secondary Agriscience and Natural Resources programs, counts as one of the science credits.
  - (d) One credit in American history.
- (e) One credit in world history, including a comparative study of the history, doctrines, and objectives of all major political systems.
- (f) One-half credit in economics, including a comparative study of the history, doctrines, and objectives of all major economic systems. The Florida Council on Economic Education shall provide technical assistance to the department and district school boards in developing curriculum materials for the study of economics.
- (q) One-half credit in American government, including study of the Constitution of the United States. For students entering the 9th grade in the 1997-1998 school year and thereafter, the study of Florida government, including study of the State Constitution, the three branches of state government, and municipal and county government, shall be included as part of the required study of American government.
- (h)1. One credit in practical arts career education or exploratory career education. Any career education course as defined in s. 1003.01 may be taken to satisfy the high school graduation requirement for one credit in practical arts or exploratory career education provided in this subparagraph;
- 2. One credit in performing fine arts to be selected from music, dance, drama, painting, or sculpture. A course in any art form, in addition to painting or sculpture, that 31 requires manual dexterity, or a course in speech and debate,

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may be taken to satisfy the high school graduation requirement for one credit in performing arts pursuant to this subparagraph; or

3. One-half credit each in practical arts career education or exploratory career education and performing fine arts, as defined in this paragraph.

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Such credit for practical arts career education or exploratory career education or for performing fine arts shall be made available in the 9th grade, and students shall be scheduled into a 9th grade course as a priority.

- (i) One-half credit in life management skills to include consumer education, positive emotional development, marriage and relationship skill-based education, nutrition, parenting skills, prevention of human immunodeficiency virus infection and acquired immune deficiency syndrome and other sexually transmissible diseases, benefits of sexual abstinence and consequences of teenage pregnancy, information and instruction on breast cancer detection and breast self-examination, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, drug education, and the hazards of smoking.
- (j) One credit in physical education to include assessment, improvement, and maintenance of personal fitness. Participation in an interscholastic sport at the junior varsity or varsity level, for two full seasons, shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education if the student passes a competency test on personal fitness with a score of "C" or better. The competency test on personal fitness must be developed by the Department of Education. A district school board may not require that the one credit in 31 physical education be taken during the 9th grade year.

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Completion of one semester with a grade of "C" or better in a marching band class, in a physical activity class that requires participation in marching band activities as an extracurricular activity, or in a Reserve Officer Training Corps (R.O.T.C.) class a significant component of which is drills shall satisfy a one-half credit requirement in physical education. This one-half credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual educational plan (IEP) or 504 plan.

(k) Eight and one-half elective credits.

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District school boards may award a maximum of one-half credit in social studies and one-half elective credit for student completion of nonpaid voluntary community or school service work. Students choosing this option must complete a minimum of 75 hours of service in order to earn the one-half credit in either category of instruction. Credit may not be earned for service provided as a result of court action. District school boards that approve the award of credit for student volunteer service shall develop guidelines regarding the award of the credit, and school principals are responsible for approving specific volunteer activities. A course designated in the Course Code Directory as grade 9 through grade 12 that is taken below the 9th grade may be used to satisfy high school graduation requirements or Florida Academic Scholars award requirements as specified in a district school board's student progression plan. A student shall be granted credit toward meeting the requirements of this subsection for equivalent courses, as identified pursuant to s. 1007.271(6), taken 31 through dual enrollment. Each district school board's student

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| 1  | progression plan must provide for the substitution of a course |
| 2  | identified in the Course Code Directory and offered in a       |
| 3  | designated CHOICE academy under s. 1003.494 or in a designated |
| 4  | comprehensive career academy under s. 1003.495 for a credit    |
| 5  | requirement for graduation under this subsection. A student    |
| 6  | may make such substitution for a maximum of two of the         |
| 7  | academic credit requirements.                                  |
| 8  | Section 31. Subsection (7) is added to section                 |
| 9  | 288.9015, Florida Statutes, to read:                           |
| 10 | 288.9015 Enterprise Florida, Inc.; purpose; duties             |
| 11 | (7) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall work with the              |
| 12 | Department of Education and Workforce Florida, Inc., in the    |
| 13 | designation of school districts as participants in the CHOICE  |
| 14 | project pursuant to s. 1003.494.                               |
| 15 | Section 32. Paragraph (i) is added to subsection (5)           |
| 16 | of section 445.004, Florida Statutes, to read:                 |
| 17 | 445.004 Workforce Florida, Inc.; creation; purpose;            |
| 18 | membership; duties and powers                                  |
| 19 | (5) Workforce Florida, Inc., shall have all the powers         |
| 20 | and authority, not explicitly prohibited by statute, necessary |
| 21 | or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes as      |
| 22 | determined by statute, Pub. L. No. 105-220, and the Governor,  |
| 23 | as well as its functions, duties, and responsibilities,        |
| 24 | including, but not limited to, the following:                  |
| 25 | (i) Working with the Department of Education and               |
| 26 | Enterprise Florida, Inc., in the implementation of the CHOICE  |
| 27 | project pursuant to s. 1003.494.                               |
| 28 | Section 33. Section 1003.57, Florida Statutes, is              |
| 29 | amended to read:   |
| 30 | 1003.57 Exceptional students instruction                       |
| 31 | (1) Each district school board shall provide for an            |

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appropriate program of special instruction, facilities, and services for exceptional students as prescribed by the State Board of Education as acceptable, including provisions that:

(a)(1) The district school board provide the necessary professional services for diagnosis and evaluation of exceptional students.

(b) (2) The district school board provide the special instruction, classes, and services, either within the district school system, in cooperation with other district school systems, or through contractual arrangements with approved private schools or community facilities that meet standards established by the commissioner.

(c) The district school board annually provide information describing the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind and all other programs and methods of instruction available to the parent of a sensory-impaired student.

(d)(4) The district school board, once every 3 years, submit to the department its proposed procedures for the provision of special instruction and services for exceptional students.

(e) A No student may not be given special instruction or services as an exceptional student until after he or she has been properly evaluated, classified, and placed in the manner prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education. The parent of an exceptional student evaluated and placed or denied placement in a program of special education shall be notified of each such evaluation and placement or denial. Such notice shall contain a statement informing the parent that he or she is entitled to a due process hearing on the identification, evaluation, and placement, or lack 31 thereof. Such hearings shall be exempt from the provisions of

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ss. 120.569, 120.57, and 286.011, except to the extent that 2 the State Board of Education adopts rules establishing other 3 procedures and any records created as a result of such hearings shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). The hearing must be conducted by an 5 administrative law judge from the Division of Administrative 7 Hearings of the Department of Management Services. The decision of the administrative law judge shall be final, 8 9 except that any party aggrieved by the finding and decision 10 rendered by the administrative law judge shall have the right 11 to bring a civil action in the circuit court. In such an action, the court shall receive the records of the 12 administrative hearing and shall hear additional evidence at 13 the request of either party. In the alternative, any party 14 aggrieved by the finding and decision rendered by the 15 16 administrative law judge shall have the right to request an impartial review of the administrative law judge's order by 17 18 the district court of appeal as provided by s. 120.68. 19 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, during the pendency 20 of any proceeding conducted pursuant to this section, unless the district school board and the parents otherwise agree, the 21 student shall remain in his or her then-current educational 22 23 assignment or, if applying for initial admission to a public school, shall be assigned, with the consent of the parents, in 2.4 25 the public school program until all such proceedings have been completed. 26 27

(f)(6) In providing for the education of exceptional students, the district school superintendent, principals, and teachers shall utilize the regular school facilities and adapt them to the needs of exceptional students to the maximum 31 extent appropriate. Segregation of exceptional students shall

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 occur only if the nature or severity of the exceptionality is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily.

(q)(7) In addition to the services agreed to in a student's individual education plan, the district school superintendent shall fully inform the parent of a student having a physical or developmental disability of all available services that are appropriate for the student's disability. The superintendent shall provide the student's parent with a summary of the student's rights.

(2)(a) An exceptional student with a disability who resides in a residential facility and receives special instruction or services is considered a resident of the state in which the student's parent is a resident. The cost of such instruction, facilities, and services for a nonresident student with a disability shall be provided by the placing authority in the student's state of residence, such as a public school entity, other placing authority, or parent. A nonresident student with a disability may not be reported by any school district for FTE funding in the Florida Education Finance Program.

(b) The Department of Education shall provide to each school district a statement of the specific limitations of the district's financial obligation for exceptional students with disabilities under federal and state law. The department shall also provide to each school district technical assistance as necessary for developing a local plan to impose on a student's home state the fiscal responsibility for educating a nonresident exceptional student with a disability.

(c) The Department of Education shall develop a

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process by which a school district must, before providing 1 2 services to an exceptional student with a disability who 3 resides in a residential facility in this state, review the residency of the student. The residential facility, not the district, is responsible for billing and collecting from a 5 nonresidential student's home state payment for the student's 7 educational and related services. (d) This subsection applies to any nonresident student 8 9 with a disability who resides in a residential facility and who receives instruction as an exceptional student with a 10 11 disability in any type of residential facility in this state, including, but not limited to, a public school, a private 12 school, a group home facility as defined in s. 393.063, an 13 intensive residential treatment program for children and 14 adolescents as defined in s. 395.002, a facility as defined in 15 s. 394.455, an intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled or ICF/DD as defined in s. 393.063 or 17 18 s. 400.960, or a community residential home as defined in s. 419.001. 19 Section 34. Section 1003.576, Florida Statutes, is 20 created to read: 21 1003.576 Individual education plans for exceptional 22 23 students. -- The Department of Education shall develop an individual education plan (IEP) form for use in developing and 2.4 2.5 implementing individual education plans for exceptional students. The IEP form must have a streamlined format and, to 26 provide for the use of an existing IEP form when a student 2.7 28 transfers from one school district to another, the IEP form 29 developed by the department must be used in each school 30 <u>district</u> in the state.

Section 35. Subsection (3) of section 1003.58, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.58 Students in residential care facilities.--Each district school board shall provide educational programs according to rules of the State Board of Education to students who reside in residential care facilities operated by the Department of Children and Family Services.

(3) The district school board shall have full and complete authority in the matter of the assignment and placement of such students in educational programs. The parent of an exceptional student shall have the same due process rights as are provided under  $\underline{s. 1003.57(1)(e)}$   $\underline{s. 1003.57(5)}$ .

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> Notwithstanding the provisions herein, the educational program at the Marianna Sunland Center in Jackson County shall be operated by the Department of Education, either directly or through grants or contractual agreements with other public or duly accredited educational agencies approved by the Department of Education.

Section 36. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1003.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.62 Academic performance-based charter school districts. -- The State Board of Education may enter into a performance contract with district school boards as authorized in this section for the purpose of establishing them as academic performance-based charter school districts. The purpose of this section is to examine a new relationship between the State Board of Education and district school boards that will produce significant improvements in student achievement, while complying with constitutional and statutory 31 requirements assigned to each entity.

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- (1) ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE-BASED CHARTER SCHOOL DISTRICT.--
- (a) A school district shall be eligible for 3 designation as an academic performance-based charter school district if it is a high-performing school district in which a 5 minimum of 50 percent of the schools earn a performance grade 7 of category "A" or "B" and in which no school earns a performance grade of category "D" or "F" for 2 consecutive 8 9 years pursuant to s. 1008.34. Schools that receive a performance grade of category "I" or "N" shall not be included 10 11 in this calculation. The performance contract for a school district that earns a charter based on school performance 12 13 grades shall be predicated on maintenance of at least 50 percent of the schools in the school district earning a 14 performance grade of category "A" or "B" with no school in the 15 school district earning a performance grade of category "D" or "F" for 2 consecutive years. A school district in which the 17 number of schools that earn a performance grade of "A" or "B" 18 19 is less than 50 percent may have its charter renewed for 1 20 year; however, if the percentage of "A" or "B" schools is less than 50 percent for 2 consecutive years, the charter shall not 21 be renewed. 22
  - (2) EXEMPTION FROM STATUTES AND RULES. --
- (a) An academic performance-based charter school district shall operate in accordance with its charter and shall be exempt from certain State Board of Education rules and statutes if the State Board of Education determines such an exemption will assist the district in maintaining or improving its high-performing status pursuant to paragraph (1)(a). However, the State Board of Education may not exempt 31 | an academic performance-based charter school district from any

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of the following statutes:

- 1. Those statutes pertaining to the provision of services to students with disabilities.
- 2. Those statutes pertaining to civil rights, including s. 1000.05, relating to discrimination.
- Those statutes pertaining to student health, safety, and welfare.
- 4. Those statutes governing the election or compensation of district school board members.
- 5. Those statutes pertaining to the student assessment program and the school grading system, including chapter 1008.
- 6. Those statutes pertaining to financial matters, including chapter 1010.
- 7. Those statutes pertaining to planning and budgeting, including chapter 1011, except that ss. 1011.64 and 16 1011.69 shall be eligible for exemption.
  - 8. Sections 1012.22(1)(c), 1012.2312, 1012.2313, and 1012.27(2), relating to performance-pay policies for school administrators and instructional personnel. Professional service contracts shall be subject to the provisions of ss. 1012.33 and 1012.34.
  - 9. Those statutes pertaining to educational facilities, including chapter 1013, except as specified under contract with the State Board of Education. However, no contractual provision that could have the effect of requiring the appropriation of additional capital outlay funds to the academic performance-based charter school district shall be valid.
- 29 Section 37. Section 1004.64, Florida Statutes, is 30 created to read:
- 31 <u>1004.64 Florida Center for Reading Research.--There is</u>

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| 1  | created at the Florida State University, the Florida Center    |
| 2  | for Reading Research (FCRR). The center shall include two      |
| 3  | outreach centers, one at a central Florida community college   |
| 4  | and one at a south Florida state university. The center and    |
| 5  | the outreach centers, under the center's leadership, shall:    |
| 6  | (1) Provide technical assistance and support to all            |
| 7  | school districts and schools in this state in the              |
| 8  | implementation of evidence-based literacy instruction,         |
| 9  | assessments, programs, and professional development.           |
| 10 | (2) Conduct applied research that will have an                 |
| 11 | immediate impact on policy and practices related to literacy   |
| 12 | instruction and assessment in this state with an emphasis on   |
| 13 | struggling readers and reading in the content area strategies  |
| 14 | and methods for secondary teachers.                            |
| 15 | (3) Conduct basic research on reading, reading growth,         |
| 16 | reading assessment, and reading instruction which will         |
| 17 | contribute to scientific knowledge about reading.              |
| 18 | (4) Collaborate with the Just Read! Florida Office and         |
| 19 | school districts in the development of frameworks for          |
| 20 | comprehensive reading intervention courses for possible use in |
| 21 | middle schools and secondary schools.                          |
| 22 | (5) Collaborate with the Just Read! Florida Office and         |
| 23 | school districts in the development of frameworks for          |
| 24 | professional development activities, using multiple delivery   |
| 25 | methods for teaching reading in the content area.              |
| 26 | (6) Disseminate information about research-based               |
| 27 | practices related to literacy instruction, assessment, and     |
| 28 | programs for students in preschool through grade 12.           |

31 assessments through the Florida Progress Monitoring and

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Reporting Network. The network is a statewide resource that is 1 operated to provide valid and timely reading assessment data 2 for parents, teachers, principals, and district-level and 3 state-level staff in the management of instruction at the individual, classroom, and school levels. 5

Section 38. Subsection (4) of section 1006.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1006.09 Duties of school principal relating to student discipline and school safety .--

- (4) When a student has been the victim of a violent crime perpetrated by another student who attends the same school, the school principal shall make full and effective use of the provisions of subsection (2) and s. 1006.13(5). A school principal who fails to comply with this subsection shall be ineligible for any portion of the performance pay policy incentive under <u>s. 1012.2313(2)(b)</u> <u>s. 1012.22(1)(c)</u>. However, if any party responsible for notification fails to properly notify the school, the school principal shall be eligible for the incentive.
- Section 39. Section 1007.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1007.21 Readiness for postsecondary education and the workplace.--
- (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that students and parents develop academic set early achievement and career goals for the student's post-high-school post-high school experience during the middle grades. This section sets forth a model which schools, through their school advisory councils, may choose to implement to ensure that students are ready for postsecondary education and the workplace. If such a program 31 is adopted, students and their parents shall have the option

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of participating in this model to plan the student's secondary level course of study. Parents and students are to become partners with school personnel in career exploration and educational <u>decisionmaking</u> choice. Clear academic course expectations that emphasize rigorous and relevant coursework shall be made available to all students by allowing both student and parent choice.

- (2)(a) Students entering the 9th grade and their parents shall have developed during the middle grades a 4- to 5-year academic and career plan based on postsecondary and  $\underline{\text{career}} \quad \underline{\text{be active participants in choosing an}}$ end-of-high-school student destination based upon both student and parent goals. Alternate career and academic Four or more destinations should be considered available with bridges between destinations to enable students to shift academic and career priorities if destinations should they choose to change goals. The destinations shall accommodate the needs of students served in exceptional education programs to the extent appropriate for individual students. Exceptional education students may continue to follow the courses outlined in the district school board student progression plan. Participating Students and their parents shall choose among destinations, which must include:
- 1. Four-year college or university, community college plus university, or military academy degree.
  - 2. Two-year postsecondary degree.
  - 3. Postsecondary career certificate.
  - 4. Immediate employment or entry-level military.
- 29 5. A combination of the above.
- (b) The student progression model toward a chosen 31 destination shall include:

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- 1. A "path" of core courses leading to each of the destinations provided in paragraph (a).
- 2. A recommended group of electives which shall help define each path.
- 3. Provisions for a teacher, school administrator, other school staff member, or community volunteer to be assigned to a student as an "academic advocate" if parental involvement is lacking.
- (c) The common placement test authorized in ss. 1001.03(10) and 1008.30 or a similar test may be administered to all high school second semester sophomores who have chosen one of the four destinations. The results of the placement test shall be used to target additional instructional needs in reading, writing, and mathematics prior to graduation.
- (d) Ample opportunity shall be provided for students to move from one destination to another, and some latitude shall exist within each destination, to meet the individual needs of students.
- (e) Destinations specified in subparagraphs (a)1., 2., and 3. shall support the goals of the Tech Prep program. Students participating in Tech Prep shall be enrolled in articulated, sequential programs of study that include a technical component and at least a minimum of a postsecondary certificate or 2-year degree.
- (f) In order for these destinations to be attainable, the business community shall be encouraged to support real-world internships and apprenticeships.
- (q) All students shall be encouraged to take part in service learning opportunities.
- (h) High school equivalency diploma preparation 31 programs shall not be a choice for high school students

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leading to any of the four destinations provided in paragraph
(a) since the appropriate coursework, counseling component,
and career preparation cannot be ensured.

- (i) Schools shall ensure that students and parents are made aware of the destinations available and provide the necessary coursework to assist the student in reaching the chosen destination. Students and parents shall be made aware of the student's progress toward the chosen destination.
- (j) The Department of Education shall offer technical assistance to school districts to ensure that the destinations offered also meet the academic standards adopted by the state.
- (3)(a) Access to Level I courses for graduation credit and for pursuit of a declared destination shall be limited to only those students for whom assessment indicates a more rigorous course of study would be inappropriate.
  - (b) The school principal shall:
- 1. Designate a member of the existing instructional or administrative staff to serve as a specialist to help coordinate the use of student achievement strategies to help students succeed in their coursework. The specialist shall also assist teachers in integrating the academic and career curricula, utilizing technology, providing feedback regarding student achievement, and implementing the Blueprint for Career Preparation and Tech Prep programs.
- 2. Institute strategies to eliminate reading, writing, and mathematics deficiencies of secondary students.
- Section 40. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 1007.2615, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1007.2615 American Sign Language; findings; foreign-language credits authorized; teacher licensing.--
  - (3) DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION AND STATE

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BOARD OF EDUCATION; LICENSING OF AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE TEACHERS; PLAN FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION PROVIDERS .--

- (c) An ASL teacher must be certified by the Department of Education by July 1, 2009 January 1, 2008, and must obtain current certification through the Florida American Sign Language Teachers' Association (FASLTA) by January 1, 2006. New FASLTA certification may be used by current ASL teachers as an alternative certification track.
- Section 41. Subsections (5) and (16) of section 1007.271, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1007.271 Dual enrollment programs.--

- (5) Each district school board shall inform all secondary students of dual enrollment as an educational option and mechanism for acceleration. Students shall be informed of eligibility criteria, the option for taking dual enrollment courses beyond the regular school year, and the minimum academic credits required for graduation. District school boards shall annually assess the demand for dual enrollment and other advanced courses, and the district school board shall consider strategies and programs to meet that demand and include access to dual enrollment on the high school campus whenever possible. Alternative grade calculation, weighting systems, or information regarding student education options which discriminates against dual enrollment courses are prohibited.
- (16) Beginning with the 2007-2008 academic year, school districts and community colleges must weigh college level dual enrollment courses the same as honors courses and advanced placement, International Baccalaureate, and Advanced International Certificate of Education courses when grade 31 point averages are calculated. Alternative grade calculation

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or weighting systems that discriminate against dual enrollment courses are prohibited.

Section 42. Paragraphs (c) and (f) of subsection (1), paragraphs (c) and (e) of subsection (3), and subsection (9) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraph (f) is added to subsection (3) of that section, present subsection (10) of that section is redesignated as subsection (11), and a new subsection (10) is added to that section, to read:

1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.--

- (1) PURPOSE. -- The primary purposes of the student assessment program are to provide information needed to improve the public schools by enhancing the learning gains of all students and to inform parents of the educational progress of their public school children. The program must be designed to:
- (c) Identify the educational strengths and needs of students and the readiness of students to be promoted to the next grade level or to graduate from high school with a standard or special high school diploma.
- (f) Provide information on the performance of Florida students compared with that of other students others across the United States.
- (3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM. -- The commissioner shall design and implement a statewide program of educational assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. 31 | The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued

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administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:

- (c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing program known as the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) as part of the statewide assessment program, to be administered annually in grades 3 through 10 to measure reading, writing, science, and mathematics. Other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. The assessment of reading and mathematics shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 10. The assessment of writing and science shall be administered at least once at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. The commissioner must document the procedures used to ensure that the versions of the FCAT which are taken by students retaking the grade 10 FCAT are equally as challenging and difficult as the tests taken by students in grade 10 which contain performance tasks. The testing program must be designed so that:
- 1. The tests measure student skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in paragraph (a). The tests must measure and report student proficiency levels of all students in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through 31 | contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public

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vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain input with respect to the design and implementation of the testing program from regular and exceptional students, state educators, assistive technology experts, and the public.

- 2. The testing program will include a combination of norm-referenced and criterion-referenced tests and include, to the extent determined by the commissioner, questions that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way that the skills and competencies he or she uses can be measured.
- 3. Each testing program, whether at the elementary, middle, or high school level, includes a test of writing in which students are required to produce writings that are then scored by appropriate and timely methods.
- 4. A score is designated for each subject area tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction to students who score below these levels.
- 5. Except as provided in s. 1003.43(11)(b), students must earn a passing score on the grade 10 assessment test described in this paragraph or attain concordant scores on an alternate assessment as described in subsection (9) in reading, writing, and mathematics to qualify for a standard regular high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. All students who took the grade 10 FCAT during the 2000-2001 school year shall be required to earn the 31 passing scores in reading and mathematics established by the

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State Board of Education for the March 2001 test administration. Such students who did not earn the established passing scores and must repeat the grade 10 FCAT are required to earn the passing scores established for the March 2001 test administration. All students who take the grade 10 FCAT for the first time in March 2002 shall be required to earn the passing scores in reading and mathematics established by the State Board of Education for the March 2002 test administration. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for the grade 10 FCAT. Any such rules, which have the effect of raising the required passing scores, shall only apply to students taking the grade 10 FCAT for the first time after such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education.

6. Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of the such nonparticipation. If modifications are made in the student's instruction to provide accommodations that would not be permitted on the statewide assessment tests, the district must notify the student's parent of the implications of such instructional modifications. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive accommodations in the classroom instructional modifications that would not be permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such 31 accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt

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rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations and modifications of procedures as necessary for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable in the administration of the FCAT but are allowable in the classroom if included in a student's individual education plan. Students using an FCAT nonallowable accommodation in the classroom may have the FCAT requirement waived pursuant to s. 1003.43(11)(b).

- 7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
- 8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the skills and competencies necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with accommodations or modifications that are not allowable in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected proficiency levels in reading, writing, and math. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required skills and competencies are part of the district instructional programs.
- District school boards must provide opportunities for students to retake the FCAT following enrollment in summer academies.
- 10.9. The Department of Education must develop, or 31 select, and implement a common battery of assessment tools

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that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools must accurately measure the skills and competencies established in the Florida Sunshine State Standards.

11. For students seeking a special diploma pursuant to s. 1003.438, the Department of Education must develop, or select and implement, a common battery of assessment tools that accurately measure the skills and competencies established in the Sunshine State Standards under s. 1003.438 for students with significant cognitive disabilities.

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> The commissioner may, based on collaboration and input from school districts, design and implement student testing programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively measure educational achievement of the Sunshine State Standards for students with significant cognitive disabilities monitor educational achievement in the state. Development and refinement shall include universal design principles and accessibility standards or web-based assessments that will prevent any unintended obstacles for students with disabilities while ensuring the validity and reliability of the test. The field testing process and psychometric analyses for the statewide assessment program formats must include an appropriate percentage of students with disabilities and an evaluation or determination of the

(e) Conduct ongoing research and analysis of student achievement data, including, without limitation, monitoring trends in student achievement by grade level and overall student achievement, identifying school programs that are 31 successful, and analyzing correlates of school achievement.

effect of test items on such students.

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- (f) Research the cost and student achievement impact of developing and establishing secondary school end-of-course assessments based on identified course competencies and including web-based and performance formats. Reports must be made to the Legislature prior to implementation.
  - (9) EQUIVALENCIES FOR STANDARDIZED TESTS. --
- (a) The State Board of Education shall conduct concordance studies, as necessary, in order to determine scores on the SAT and the ACT which are equivalent to those required on the FCAT for high school graduation pursuant to s. 1003.429(6)(a) or s. 1003.43(5)(a).
- (b) (a) The Commissioner of Education shall approve the use of the SAT and ACT tests as alternative assessments to the grade 10 FCAT for the 2003-2004 school year. Students who attain scores on the SAT or ACT which equate to the passing scores on the grade 10 FCAT for purposes of high school graduation shall satisfy the assessment requirement for a standard high school diploma as provided in s. 1003.429(6)(a) or s. 1003.43(5)(a) for the 2003-2004 school year if the students meet the requirement in paragraph(c) (b).
- (c) (b) A student shall be required to take each subject area of the grade 10 FCAT a total of three times without earning a passing score in order to use the corresponding subject area scores on an alternative assessment pursuant to paragraph(b) (a). This requirement shall not apply to a new student who enters is a new student to the public school system in grade 12, who may take the FCAT or use approved score equivalencies for the purpose of fulfilling the graduation requirement.
- (d) The State Board of Education may define by rule 31 the allowable uses, other than to satisfy the high school

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| 1  | graduation requirement, of concordant scores as described in   |
| 2  | this subsection. Such uses may include, but need not be        |
| 3  | limited to, achieving appropriate standardized test scores     |
| 4  | required for the awarding of Florida Bright Futures            |
| 5  | Scholarships and for college placement.                        |
| 6  | (10) REPORTS The Department of Education shall                 |
| 7  | annually provide a report to the Governor, the President of    |
| 8  | the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on |
| 9  | the following:   |
| 10 | (a) Longitudinal performance of students in                    |
| 11 | mathematics and reading.                                       |
| 12 | (b) Longitudinal performance of students by grade              |
| 13 | level in mathematics and reading.                              |
| 14 | (c) Longitudinal performance regarding efforts to              |
| 15 | close the achievement gap.                                     |
| 16 | (d) Longitudinal performance of students on the                |
| 17 | norm-referenced component of the FCAT.                         |
| 18 | (e) Other student performance data based on national           |
| 19 | norm-referenced and criterion-referenced tests, when           |
| 20 | available, and numbers of students who after 8th grade enroll  |
| 21 | in adult education rather than secondary education.            |
| 22 | Section 43. Subsection (4) of section 1008.25, Florida         |
| 23 | Statutes, is amended to read:                                  |
| 24 | 1008.25 Public school student progression; remedial            |
| 25 | instruction; reporting requirements                            |
| 26 | (4) ASSESSMENT AND REMEDIATION                                 |
| 27 | (a) Each student must participate in the statewide             |
| 28 | assessment tests required by s. 1008.22. Each student who does |
| 29 | not meet specific levels of performance as determined by the   |
| 30 | district school board in reading, writing, science, and        |

31 mathematics for each grade level, or who scores below Level 3

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in reading or math does not meet specific levels of performance as determined by the commissioner on statewide assessments at selected grade levels, must be provided with additional diagnostic assessments to determine the nature of the student's difficulty, the and areas of academic need, and strategies for appropriate intervention and instruction.

(b) The school in which the student is enrolled must develop, in consultation with the student's parent, and must implement a progress monitoring an academic improvement plan designed to assist the student in meeting state and district expectations for proficiency. For secondary students who score below Level 3 in reading and math, these provisions shall be included within the academic and career plans pursuant to s. 1003.415(5). For a student for whom a personalized middle school success plan is required pursuant to s. 1003.415, the middle school success plan must be incorporated in the student's academic improvement plan. Beginning with the 2006-2007 2002-2003 school year, if the student has been identified as having a deficiency in reading or math, the progress monitoring academic improvement plan shall identify the student's specific areas of deficiency or skills gaps in math and reading phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, comprehension, and vocabulary; the desired levels of performance in these areas; and the instructional and support services to be provided to meet the desired levels of performance. Schools shall also provide for the frequent monitoring of the student's progress in meeting the desired levels of performance. District school boards shall assist schools and teachers to implement research-based reading and math activities and instructional strategies that have been 31 shown to be successful with in teaching reading to

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- low-performing students. <u>Intensive</u> remedial instruction
  provided during <u>middle and</u> high school <u>to students scoring at</u>

  <u>Level I on the most recently administered FCAT</u> may not be in
  lieu of English and mathematics <del>credits required for</del>

  <del>graduation</del>.
- 6 (c) Upon subsequent evaluation, if the documented 7 deficiency has not been remediated in accordance with the progress monitoring academic improvement plan, the student may 8 9 be retained. Each student who does not meet the minimum performance expectations defined by the Commissioner of 10 11 Education for the statewide assessment tests in reading, writing, science, and mathematics must continue to be provided 12 with remedial or supplemental instruction until the 13 expectations are met or the student graduates from high school 14 or is not subject to compulsory school attendance. 15
- Section 44. Section 1008.301, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
  - Section 45. Section 1008.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
    - 1008.31 Florida's K-20 education performance accountability system; legislative intent; performance-based funding; mission, goals, and systemwide measures; public accountability and reporting.--
    - (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--It is the intent of the Legislature that:
  - (a) The performance accountability system implemented to assess the effectiveness of Florida's seamless K-20 education delivery system provide answers to the following questions in relation to its mission and goals:
- 1. What is the public receiving in return for funds it invests in education?

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- 2. How effectively is Florida's K-20 education system educating its students?
- 3. How effectively are the major delivery sectors promoting student achievement?
- 4. How are individual schools and postsecondary education institutions performing their responsibility to educate their students as measured by how students are performing, and how much they are learning, and what their <u>actual completion rates are</u>?
- (b) The K-20 education performance accountability system be established as a single, unified accountability system with multiple components, including, but not limited to, measures of adequate yearly progress, individual student learning gains in public schools, school grades, and return on investment.
- (c) The K-20 education performance accountability system comply with the accountability requirements of the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, " Pub. L. No. 107-110.
- (d) The State Board of Education recommend to the Legislature systemwide performance standards; the Legislature establish systemwide performance measures and standards; and the systemwide measures and standards provide Floridians with information on what the public is receiving in return for the funds it invests in education and how well the K-20 system educates its students.
- (e) The State Board of Education establish performance measures and set performance standards for individual components of the public education system, including individual schools and postsecondary educational institutions, with measures and standards based primarily on student 31 achievement.

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- (2) MISSION, GOALS, AND SYSTEMWIDE MEASURES.--
- (a) The mission of Florida's K-20 education system 2 3 shall be to increase the proficiency of all students within one seamless, efficient system, by allowing them the opportunity to expand their knowledge and skills through 5 learning opportunities and research valued by students, 7 parents, and communities.
  - (b) The process State Board of Education shall adopt guiding principles for establishing state and sector-specific standards and measures must be:-
    - 1. Focused on student success.
    - 2. Addressable through policy and program changes.
    - 3. Efficient and of high quality.
- 14 4. Measurable over time.
  - 5. Simple to explain and display to the public.
  - 6. Aligned with other measures and other sectors in order to support a coordinated K-20 education system.
  - (c) The <u>Department</u> State Board of Education shall maintain an accountability system that measures student progress toward the following goals:
  - 1. Highest student achievement, as indicated by evidence of gains in student learning at all levels measured by: student FCAT performance and annual learning gains; the number and percentage of schools that improve at least one school performance grade designation or maintain a school performance grade designation of "A" pursuant to s. 1008.34; graduation or completion rates at all learning levels; and other measures identified in law or rule.
- 2. Seamless articulation and maximum access, as measured by evidence of progression, readiness, and access by 31 targeted groups of students identified by the Commissioner of

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Education: the percentage of students who demonstrate readiness for the educational level they are entering, from kindergarten through postsecondary education and into the workforce; the number and percentage of students needing remediation; the percentage of Floridians who complete associate, baccalaureate, graduate, professional, and postgraduate degrees; the number and percentage of credits that articulate; the extent to which each set of exit-point requirements matches the next set of entrance-point requirements; the degree to which underserved populations access educational opportunity; the extent to which access is provided through innovative educational delivery strategies; and other measures identified in law or rule.

- 3. Skilled workforce and economic development, as measured by evidence of employment and earnings: the number and percentage of graduates employed in their areas of preparation; the percentage of Floridians with high school diplomas and postsecondary education credentials; the percentage of business and community members who find that Florida's graduates possess the skills they need; national rankings; and other measures identified in law or rule.
- 4. Quality efficient services, as measured by evidence of return on investment: cost per completer or graduate; average cost per noncompleter at each educational level; cost disparity across institutions offering the same degrees; the percentage of education customers at each educational level who are satisfied with the education provided; and other measures identified in law or rule.
  - 5. Other goals, as identified by law or rule.
- (3) <u>K-20 EDUCATION DATA QUALITY IMPROVEMENTS</u> 31 SYSTEMWIDE DATA COLLECTION. -- In order to provide the data

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required to implement education performance accountability
measures in state and federal law, the Commissioner of
Education shall initiate and maintain strategies to improve
data quality and timeliness.

(a) School districts and public postsecondary educational institutions shall maintain information systems that will provide the State Board of Education, the Board of Governors of the State University System, and the Legislature with information and reports necessary to address the specifications of the accountability system. The State Board of Education shall determine the standards for the required data. The level of comprehensiveness and quality shall be no less than that which was available as of June 30, 2001.

(b) The Commissioner of Education shall determine the standards for the required data, monitor data quality, and measure improvements. The commissioner shall report annually to the State Board of Education, the Board of Governors of the State University System, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives the data quality indicators, ratings for all school districts and public postsecondary educational institutions, and information on Florida's calculation of graduation rates and how this compares to calculation methods by other states.

(4) REPORTING OR DATA COLLECTION. -- The department shall coordinate with school districts in developing any reporting or data-collection requirements to address the specifications of the accountability system. Before establishing any new reporting or data-collection requirements, the department shall use any existing data being collected to reduce duplication and minimize paperwork.

Section 46. Section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, is

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amended to read:

1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement. -- It is the intent of the Legislature that all public schools be held accountable for students performing at acceptable levels. A system of school improvement and accountability that assesses student performance by school, identifies schools in which students are not making adequate progress toward state standards, institutes appropriate measures for enforcing improvement, and provides rewards and sanctions based on performance shall be the responsibility of the State Board of Education.

(1) Pursuant to Art. IX of the State Constitution prescribing the duty of the State Board of Education to supervise Florida's public school system and notwithstanding any other statutory provisions to the contrary, the State Board of Education shall intervene in the operation of a district school system when one or more schools in the school district have failed to make adequate progress for 2 school years in a 4-year period. For purposes of determining when a school is eligible for state board action and opportunity scholarships for its students, the terms "2 years in any 4-year period" and "2 years in a 4-year period" mean that in any year that a school has a grade of "F," the school is eligible for state board action and opportunity scholarships for its students if it also has had a grade of "F" in any of the previous 3 school years. The State Board of Education may determine that the school district or school has not taken steps sufficient for students in the school to be academically well served. Considering recommendations of the Commissioner of Education, the State Board of Education shall recommend 31 action to a district school board intended to improve

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educational services to students in each school that is designated with a as performance grade of category "F." Recommendations for actions to be taken in the school district shall be made only after thorough consideration of the unique characteristics of a school, which shall include student mobility rates, the number and type of exceptional students enrolled in the school, and the availability of options for improved educational services. The state board shall adopt by rule steps to follow in this process. Such steps shall provide school districts sufficient time to improve student performance in schools and the opportunity to present evidence of assistance and interventions that the district school board has implemented.

- (2) The State Board of Education may recommend one or more of the following actions to district school boards to enable students in schools designated with a as performance grade of category "F" to be academically well served by the public school system:
- (a) Provide additional resources, change certain practices, and provide additional assistance if the state board determines the causes of inadequate progress to be related to school district policy or practice;
- (b) Implement a plan that satisfactorily resolves the education equity problems in the school;
- (c) Contract for the educational services of the school, or reorganize the school at the end of the school year under a new school principal who is authorized to hire new staff and implement a plan that addresses the causes of inadequate progress;
- (d) Allow parents of students in the school to send 31 their children to another district school of their choice; or

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- (e) Other action appropriate to improve the school's performance, including, if the school is a high school, requiring annual publication of the school's graduation rate calculated without GED tests for the past 3 years, disaggregated by student ethnicity.
- (3) In recommending actions to district school boards, the State Board of Education shall specify the length of time available to implement the recommended action. The State Board of Education may adopt rules to further specify how it may respond in specific circumstances. No action taken by the State Board of Education shall relieve a school from state accountability requirements.
- (4) The State Board of Education may require the Department of Education or Chief Financial Officer to withhold any transfer of state funds to the school district if, within the timeframe specified in state board action, the school district has failed to comply with the action ordered to improve the district's low-performing schools. Withholding the transfer of funds shall occur only after all other recommended actions for school improvement have failed to improve performance. The State Board of Education may impose the same penalty on any district school board that fails to develop and implement a plan for assistance and intervention for low-performing schools as specified in <u>s. 1001.42(16)(d)</u> <del>s.</del>  $\frac{1001.42(16)(c)}{c}$ .
- Section 47. Section 1008.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1008.34 School grading system; school report cards; district performance grade. --
- (1) ANNUAL REPORTS. -- The Commissioner of Education 31 | shall prepare annual reports of the results of the statewide

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assessment program which describe student achievement in the state, each district, and each school. The commissioner shall prescribe the design and content of these reports, which must include, without limitation, descriptions of the performance of all schools participating in the assessment program and all of their major student populations as determined by the Commissioner of Education, and must also include the median scores of all eligible students who scored at or in the lowest 25th percentile of the state in the previous school year; provided, however, that the provisions of s. 1002.22 pertaining to student records apply to this section.

- (2) SCHOOL GRADES PERFORMANCE GRADE CATEGORIES. -- The annual report shall identify schools as having one of the following grades, being in one of the following grade categories defined according to rules of the State Board of Education:
  - (a) "A," schools making excellent progress.
  - (b) "B," schools making above average progress.
  - (c) "C," schools making satisfactory progress.
- (d) "D," schools making less than satisfactory
  progress.
- (e) "F," schools failing to make adequate progress.

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Each school designated with a in performance grade of category "A," making excellent progress, or having improved at least two performance grade levels categories, shall have greater authority over the allocation of the school's total budget generated from the FEFP, state categoricals, lottery funds, grants, and local funds, as specified in state board rule. The rule must provide that the increased budget authority shall

31 remain in effect until the school's performance grade

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declines.

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- (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES PERFORMANCE GRADE 2 3 CATEGORIES .-- Each school that has students who are tested and included in the school grading system, except an alternative school that receives a school-improvement rating pursuant to 5 s. 1008.341, shall receive a school grade; however, an 7 alternative school may choose to receive a school grade under this section in lieu of a school-improvement rating. 8 Additionally, a school that serves any combination of students in kindergarten through grade 3 which does not receive a 10 11 school grade because its students are not tested and included in the school grading system shall receive the school grade 12 designation of a K-3 feeder pattern school identified by the 13 Department of Education and verified by the school district. A 14 school feeder pattern exists if at least 60 percent of the 15 16 students in the school serving a combination of students in kindergarten through grade 3 are scheduled to be assigned to 17 18 the graded school. School grades performance grade category 19 designations itemized in subsection (2) shall be based on the 20 following:
  - (a) Criteria Timeframes. -- A school's grade shall be based on a combination of:
  - 1. Student achievement scores, including achievement scores for students seeking a special diploma School performance grade category designations shall be based on the school's current year performance and the school's annual learning gains.
- 2. A school's performance grade category designation shall be based on a combination of student achievement scores, Student learning gains as measured by annual FCAT assessments 31 | in grades 3 through 10; learning gains as measured by a common

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battery of assessment tools for students seeking a special diploma, no later than the 2008-2009 school year; and

- <u>3.</u> Improvement of the lowest 25th percentile of students in the school in reading, math, or writing on the FCAT Reading, unless these students are exhibiting performing above satisfactory performance.
- (b) Student assessment data. -- Student assessment data used in determining school grades performance grade categories shall include:
- 1. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT.
- 2. The aggregate scores of all eligible students enrolled in the school who have been assessed on the FCAT, including Florida Writes, and who have scored at or in the lowest 25th percentile of students in the school in reading, math, or writing, unless these students are exhibiting performing above satisfactory performance.
- 3. The achievement scores and learning gains of eligible students attending alternative schools that provide dropout-prevention and academic-intervention services pursuant to s. 1003.53. The term "eligible students" in this subparagraph does not include students attending an alternative school who are subject to district school board policies for expulsion for repeated or serious offenses, who are in dropout-retrieval programs serving students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or who are in programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice. The student performance data for eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall be included in the calculation of the home school's grade. For purposes of this section and s. 31 1008.341, "home school" means the school the student was

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1 attending when assigned to an alternative school. If an 2 alternative school chooses to be graded pursuant to this 3 section, student performance data for eligible students identified in this subparagraph shall not be included in the home school's grade but shall be included only in the 5 calculation of the alternative school's grade. School 7 districts must require collaboration between the home school and the alternative school in order to promote student 8 9 success.

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The Department of Education shall study the effects of mobility on the performance of highly mobile students and recommend programs to improve the performance of such students. The State Board of Education shall adopt appropriate criteria for each school performance grade category. The criteria must also give added weight to student achievement in reading. Schools designated with a as performance grade of category "C," making satisfactory progress, shall be required to demonstrate that adequate progress has been made by students in the school who are in the lowest 25th percentile in reading, math, or writing on the FCAT, including Florida Writes, unless these students are exhibiting performing above satisfactory performance.

- (4) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATINGS.—The annual report shall identify each school's performance as having improved, remained the same, or declined. This school improvement rating shall be based on a comparison of the current year's and previous year's student and school performance data. Schools that improve at least one performance grade level category are eligible for school recognition awards pursuant to s. 1008.36.
  - (5) SCHOOL <u>REPORT CARD</u> <del>PERFORMANCE GRADE CATEGORY AND</del>

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IMPROVEMENT RATING REPORTS. -- The Department of Education shall annually develop, in collaboration with the school districts, a school report card to be delivered to parents throughout each school district. The report card shall include the school's grade, information regarding school improvement, an explanation of school performance as evaluated by the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, and indicators of return on investment. School performance grade category designations and improvement ratings shall apply to each school's performance for the year in which performance is measured. Each school's report card designation and rating shall be published annually by the department on its website, of Education and the school district shall provide the school report card to each parent. Parents shall be entitled to an easy-to-read report card about the designation and rating of the school in which their child is enrolled.

(6) RULES. -- The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.

(6)<del>(7)</del> PERFORMANCE-BASED FUNDING.--The Legislature may factor in the performance of schools in calculating any performance-based funding policy that is provided for annually in the General Appropriations Act.

(7)(8) DISTRICT PERFORMANCE GRADE. -- The annual report required by subsection (1) shall include district performance grades, which shall consist of weighted district average grades, by level, for all elementary schools, middle schools, and high schools in the district. A district's weighted average grade shall be calculated by weighting individual school grades determined pursuant to subsection (2) by school 31 enrollment.

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| 1  | Section 48. Section 1008.341, Florida Statutes, is             |
| 2  | created to read:   |
| 3  | 1008.341 School-improvement rating for alternative             |
| 4  | schools  |
| 5  | (1) ANNUAL REPORTSThe Commissioner of Education                |
| 6  | shall prepare an annual report on the performance of each      |
| 7  | school receiving a school-improvement rating pursuant to this  |
| 8  | section if the provisions of s. 1002.22 pertaining to student  |
| 9  | records apply.   |
| 10 | (2) SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATINGAlternative schools               |
| 11 | that provide dropout-prevention and academic-intervention      |
| 12 | services pursuant to s. 1003.53 shall receive a                |
| 13 | school-improvement rating pursuant to this section. The        |
| 14 | school-improvement rating shall identify schools as having one |
| 15 | of the following ratings defined according to rules of the     |
| 16 | State Board of Education:                                      |
| 17 | (a) "Improving" means schools with students making             |
| 18 | more academic progress than when the students were served in   |
| 19 | their home schools.  |
| 20 | (b) "Maintaining" means schools with students making           |
| 21 | progress equivalent to the progress made when the students     |
| 22 | were served in their home schools.                             |
| 23 | (c) "Declining" means schools with students making             |
| 24 | less academic progress than when the students were served in   |
| 25 | their home schools.  |
| 26 |  |
| 27 | The school-improvement rating shall be based on a comparison   |
| 28 | of student performance data for the current year and previous  |
| 29 | year. Schools that improve at least one level or maintain an   |
| 30 | "improving" rating pursuant to this section are eligible for   |

31 school recognition awards pursuant to s. 1008.36.

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| 1  | (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL-IMPROVEMENT RATINGStudent            |
| 2  | data used in determining an alternative school's               |
| 3  | school-improvement rating shall include:                       |
| 4  | (a) The aggregate scores of all eligible students who          |
| 5  | were assigned to and enrolled in the school during the October |
| 6  | or February FTE count, who have been assessed on the FCAT, and |
| 7  | who have FCAT or comparable scores for the preceding school    |
| 8  | year.  |
| 9  | (b) The aggregate scores of all eligible students who          |
| 10 | were assigned to and enrolled in the school during the October |
| 11 | or February FTE count, who have been assessed on the FCAT,     |
| 12 | including Florida Writes, and who have scored in the lowest    |
| 13 | 25th percentile of students in the state on FCAT Reading.      |
| 14 |  |
| 15 | The assessment scores of students who are subject to district  |
| 16 | school board policies for expulsion for repeated or serious    |
| 17 | offenses, who are in dropout-retrieval programs serving        |
| 18 | students who have officially been designated as dropouts, or   |
| 19 | who are in programs operated or contracted by the Department   |
| 20 | of Juvenile Justice may not be included in an alternative      |
| 21 | school's school improvement rating.                            |
| 22 | (4) IDENTIFICATION OF STUDENT LEARNING GAINSFor                |
| 23 | each alternative school receiving a school-improvement rating, |
| 24 | the Department of Education shall annually identify the        |
| 25 | percentage of students making learning gains as compared to    |
| 26 | the percentage of the same students making learning gains in   |
| 27 | their home schools in the year prior to being assigned to the  |
| 28 | alternative school.  |
| 29 | (5) SCHOOL REPORT CARD The Department of Education             |
| 30 | shall annually develop, in collaboration with the school       |

31 districts, a school repot card for alternative schools to be

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- delivered to parents throughout each school district. The 1
- 2 report card shall include the school-improvement rating,
- 3 identification of student learning gains, student attendance
- data, information regarding school improvement, an explanation
- of school performance as evaluated by the federal No Child 5
- Left Behind Act of 2001, and indicators of return on
- 7 investment.

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- 8 Section 49. Subsection (5), paragraphs (b) and (d) of
- 9 subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 1008.345,
- Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 10
  - 1008.345 Implementation of state system of school
- improvement and education accountability. --12
- (5) The commissioner shall report to the Legislature 13
- and recommend changes in state policy necessary to foster 14
- school improvement and education accountability. Included in
- 16 the report shall be a list of the schools, including schools
- operating for the purpose of providing educational services to 17
- 18 youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, for which
- 19 district school boards have developed assistance and
- 20 intervention plans and an analysis of the various strategies
- used by the school boards. School reports shall be distributed 21
- pursuant to this subsection and s. 1001.42(16)(f) s.22
- 23 1001.42(16)(e) and according to rules adopted by the State
- Board of Education. 2.4
- 25 (6)
- (b) Upon request, the department shall provide 26
- 27 technical assistance and training to any school, including any
- 28 school operating for the purpose of providing educational
- 29 services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs,
- school advisory council, district, or district school board 30
- 31 | for conducting needs assessments, developing and implementing

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school improvement plans, developing and implementing assistance and intervention plans, or implementing other components of school improvement and accountability. Priority for these services shall be given to schools designated with a  $\overline{\text{as performance}}$  grade  $\underline{\text{of}}$   $\ \ \text{category}$  "D" or "F" and school districts in rural and sparsely populated areas of the state.

- (d) The department shall assign a community assessment team to each school district with a school designated with a as performance grade of category "D" or "F" to review the school performance data and determine causes for the low performance. The team shall make recommendations to the school board, to the department, and to the State Board of Education for implementing an assistance and intervention plan that will address the causes of the school's low performance. The assessment team shall include, but not be limited to, a department representative, parents, business representatives, educators, and community activists, and shall represent the demographics of the community from which they are appointed.
- (7)(a) Schools designated with a in performance grade of category "A," making excellent progress, shall, if requested by the school, be given deregulated status as specified in s. 1003.63(5), (7), (8), (9), and (10).
- (b) Schools that have improved at least two grades performance grade categories and that meet the criteria of the Florida School Recognition Program pursuant to s. 1008.36 may be given deregulated status as specified in s. 1003.63(5), (7), (8), (9), and (10).

Section 50. Paragraphs (f), (h), (l), (m), and (n) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are amended, present 31 subsections (8) and (9) of that section are redesignated as

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subsections (9) and (10), respectively, and amended, and a new subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.--If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

- (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION. -- The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
- Supplemental academic instruction; categorical fund.--
- 1. There is created a categorical fund to provide supplemental academic instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 12. This paragraph may be cited as the "Supplemental Academic Instruction Categorical Fund."
- 2. Categorical funds for supplemental academic instruction shall be allocated annually to each school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These funds shall be in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis of FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program and shall be included in the total potential funds of each district. These funds shall be used to provide supplemental academic instruction to students enrolled in the K-12 program. Supplemental instruction strategies may include, but are not limited to: modified curriculum, reading instruction, after-school instruction, tutoring, mentoring, class size reduction, extended school 31 | year, intensive skills development in summer school, and other

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methods for improving student achievement. Supplemental instruction may be provided to a student in any manner and at any time during or beyond the regular 180-day term identified by the school as being the most effective and efficient way to best help that student progress from grade to grade and to graduate.

- 3. Effective with the 1999-2000 fiscal year, funding on the basis of FTE membership beyond the 180-day regular term shall be provided in the FEFP only for students enrolled in juvenile justice education programs or in an education program for juveniles under s. 985.223. Funding for instruction beyond the regular 180-day school year for all other K-12 students shall be provided through the supplemental academic instruction categorical fund and other state, federal, and local fund sources with ample flexibility for schools to provide supplemental instruction to assist students in progressing from grade to grade and graduating.
- 4. The Florida State University School, as a lab school, is authorized to expend from its FEFP or Lottery Enhancement Trust Fund allocation the cost to the student of remediation in reading, writing, or mathematics for any graduate who requires remediation at a postsecondary educational institution.
- 5. Beginning in the 1999-2000 school year, dropout prevention programs as defined in ss. 1003.52, 1003.53(1)(a), (b), and (c), and 1003.54 shall be included in group 1 programs under subparagraph (d)3.
- (h) Small, isolated high schools. -- Districts which levy the maximum nonvoted discretionary millage, exclusive of millage for capital outlay purposes levied pursuant to s. 31 | 1011.71(2), may calculate full-time equivalent students for

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small, isolated high schools by multiplying the number of unweighted full-time equivalent students times 2.75; provided the school has attained a state accountability performance grade category of "C" or better, pursuant to s. 1008.34, for the previous school year. For the purpose of this section, the term "small, isolated high school" means any high school which is located no less than 28 miles by the shortest route from another high school; which has been serving students primarily in basic studies provided by sub-subparagraphs (c)1.b. and c. and may include subparagraph (c)4.; and which has a membership of no more than 100 students, but no fewer than 28 students, in grades 9 through 12.

- (1) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on international baccalaureate examination scores of students. -- A value of 0.24 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student enrolled in an international baccalaureate course who receives a score of 4 or higher on a subject examination. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student who receives an international baccalaureate diploma. Such value shall be added to the total full-time equivalent student membership in basic programs for grades 9 through 12 in the subsequent fiscal year. The school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided international baccalaureate instruction:
- 1. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student taught by the International Baccalaureate teacher in each international baccalaureate course who receives a score of 4 or higher on the international baccalaureate examination.
- 2. An additional bonus of \$500 to each International 31 Baccalaureate teacher in a school designated with a

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performance grade of category "D" or "F" who has at least one student scoring 4 or higher on the international baccalaureate examination, regardless of the number of classes taught or of the number of students scoring a 4 or higher on the international baccalaureate examination.

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Bonuses awarded to a teacher according to this paragraph shall not exceed \$2,000 in any given school year and shall be in addition to any regular wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled to receive.

(m) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on Advanced International Certificate of Education examination scores of students.--A value of 0.24 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student enrolled in a full-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education course who receives a score of E or higher on a subject examination. A value of 0.12 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student enrolled in a half-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education course who receives a score of E or higher on a subject examination. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student who receives an Advanced International Certificate of Education diploma. Such value shall be added to the total full-time equivalent student membership in basic programs for grades 9 through 12 in the subsequent fiscal year. The school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided Advanced International Certificate of Education instruction:

1. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student 31 | taught by the Advanced International Certificate of Education

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teacher in each full-credit Advanced International Certificate 2 of Education course who receives a score of E or higher on the Advanced International Certificate of Education examination. A 3 bonus in the amount of \$25 for each student taught by the Advanced International Certificate of Education teacher in 5 each half-credit Advanced International Certificate of 7 Education course who receives a score of E or higher on the Advanced International Certificate of Education examination. 8

- 2. An additional bonus of \$500 to each Advanced International Certificate of Education teacher in a school designated with a performance grade of category "D" or "F" who has at least one student scoring E or higher on the full-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education examination, regardless of the number of classes taught or of the number of students scoring an E or higher on the full-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education examination.
- 3. Additional bonuses of \$250 each to teachers of half-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education classes in a school designated with a performance grade of category "D" or "F" which has at least one student scoring an E or higher on the half-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education examination in that class. The maximum additional bonus for a teacher awarded in accordance with this subparagraph shall not exceed \$500 in any given school year. Teachers receiving an award under subparagraph 2. are not eligible for a bonus under this subparagraph.

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Bonuses awarded to a teacher according to this paragraph shall not exceed \$2,000 in any given school year and shall be in 31 addition to any regular wage or other bonus the teacher

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received or is scheduled to receive.

- (n) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on college board advanced placement scores of students.--A value of 0.24 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student in each advanced placement course who receives a score of 3 or higher on the College Board Advanced Placement Examination for the prior year and added to the total full-time equivalent student membership in basic programs for grades 9 through 12 in the subsequent fiscal year. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the funds provided to the district for advanced placement instruction, in accordance with this paragraph, to the high school that generates the funds. The school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided advanced placement instruction:
- 1. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student taught by the Advanced Placement teacher in each advanced placement course who receives a score of 3 or higher on the College Board Advanced Placement Examination.
- 2. An additional bonus of \$500 to each Advanced Placement teacher in a school designated with a performance grade of category "D" or "F" who has at least one student scoring 3 or higher on the College Board Advanced Placement Examination, regardless of the number of classes taught or of the number of students scoring a 3 or higher on the College Board Advanced Placement Examination.

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Bonuses awarded to a teacher according to this paragraph shall not exceed \$2,000 in any given school year and shall be in addition to any regular wage or other bonus the teacher 31 received or is scheduled to receive.

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- (4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORT. -- The Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate required local effort for all school districts collectively as an item in the General Appropriations Act for each fiscal year. The amount that each district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12 programs shall be calculated as follows:
  - (a) Estimated taxable value calculations.--
- 1.a. Not later than 2 working days prior to July 19, the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of Education its most recent estimate of the taxable value for school purposes in each school district and the total for all school districts in the state for the current calendar year based on the latest available data obtained from the local property appraisers. Not later than July 19, the Commissioner of Education shall compute a millage rate, rounded to the next highest one one-thousandth of a mill, which, when applied to 95 percent of the estimated state total taxable value for school purposes, would generate the prescribed aggregate required local effort for that year for all districts. The Commissioner of Education shall certify to each district school board the millage rate, computed as prescribed in this subparagraph, as the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district required local effort for that year.
- b. The General Appropriations Act shall direct the computation of the statewide adjusted aggregate amount for required local effort for all school districts collectively from ad valorem taxes to ensure that no school district's revenue from required local effort millage will produce more 31 | than 90 percent of the district's total Florida Education

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- Finance Program calculation, and the adjustment of the required local effort millage rate of each district that produces more than 90 percent of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement to a level that will produce only 90 percent of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement in the July calculation.
- 2. As revised data are received from property appraisers, the Department of Revenue shall amend the certification of the estimate of the taxable value for school purposes. The Commissioner of Education, in administering the provisions of subparagraph(10)(a)2. (9)(a)2., shall use the most recent taxable value for the appropriate year.
  - (b) Final calculation. --
- 1. The Department of Revenue shall, upon receipt of the official final assessed value of property from each of the property appraisers, certify to the Commissioner of Education the taxable value total for school purposes in each school district, subject to the provisions of paragraph (d). The commissioner shall use the official final taxable value for school purposes for each school district in the final calculation of the annual Florida Education Finance Program allocations.
- 2. For the purposes of this paragraph, the official final taxable value for school purposes shall be the taxable value for school purposes on which the tax bills are computed and mailed to the taxpayers, adjusted to reflect final administrative actions of value adjustment boards and judicial decisions pursuant to part I of chapter 194. By September 1 of each year, the Department of Revenue shall certify to the commissioner the official prior year final taxable value for 31 school purposes. For each county that has not submitted a

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revised tax roll reflecting final value adjustment board actions and final judicial decisions, the Department of Revenue shall certify the most recent revision of the official taxable value for school purposes. The certified value shall be the final taxable value for school purposes, and no further adjustments shall be made, except those made pursuant to subparagraph(10)(a)2. (9)(a)2.

- (8) RESEARCH-BASED READING INSTRUCTION ALLOCATION. --
- (a) The research-based reading instruction allocation is created to provide comprehensive reading instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 12.
- (b) Funds for comprehensive, research-based reading instruction shall be allocated annually to each school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations

  Act. Each eligible school district shall receive the same minimum amount as specified in the General Appropriations Act, and any remaining funds shall be distributed to eligible school districts based on each school district's proportionate share of K-12 base funding.
- (c) Funds allocated under this subsection must be used to provide a system of comprehensive reading instruction to students enrolled in the K-12 programs, which may include the following:
  - 1. The provision of highly qualified reading coaches.
- 2. Professional development for school district teachers in scientifically based reading instruction, including strategies to teach reading in content areas and with an emphasis on technical and informational text.
- 3. The provision of summer reading camps for students who score at Level 1 on FCAT Reading.
  - 4. The provision of supplemental instructional

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materials that are grounded in scientifically based reading research.

5. The provision of intensive interventions for middle and high school students reading below grade level.

5 (d) Annually, by a date determined by the Department of Education but before May 1, school districts shall submit a 6 7 K-12 comprehensive reading plan for the specific use of the 8 research-based reading instruction allocation in the format 9 prescribed by the department for review and approval by the Just Read, Florida! Office created pursuant to s. 1001.215. 10 11 The plan annually submitted by school districts shall be deemed approved unless the department rejects the plan on or 12 before June 1. If a school district and the Just Read, 13 Florida! Office cannot reach agreement on the contents of the 14 plan, the school district may appeal to the State Board of 15 16 Education for resolution. School districts shall be allowed reasonable flexibility in designing their plans and shall be 17 18 encouraged to offer reading remediation through innovative 19 methods, including career academies. The plan format shall be developed with input from school district personnel, including 20 teachers and principals, and shall allow courses in core, 21 career, and alternative programs that deliver intensive 22 23 reading remediation through integrated curricula, provided that the teacher is deemed highly qualified to teach reading 2.4 2.5 or working toward that status. No later than July 1 annually, the department shall release the school district's allocation 26 27 of appropriated funds to those districts having approved 28 plans. A school district that spends 100 percent of this 29 allocation on its approved plan shall be deemed to have been in compliance with the plan. The department may withhold funds 30 31 upon a determination that reading instruction allocation funds

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are not being used to implement the approved plan.

(9)(8) QUALITY ASSURANCE GUARANTEE. -- The Legislature may annually in the General Appropriations Act determine a percentage increase in funds per K-12 unweighted FTE as a minimum guarantee to each school district. The guarantee shall be calculated from prior year base funding per unweighted FTE student which shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided in subsection(10) (9), quality guarantee funds, and actual nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. From the base funding per unweighted FTE, the increase shall be calculated for the current year. The current year funds from which the guarantee shall be determined shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided in subsection(10) (9) and potential nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. A comparison of current year funds per unweighted FTE to prior year funds per unweighted FTE shall be computed. For those school districts which have less than the legislatively assigned percentage increase, funds shall be provided to guarantee the assigned percentage increase in funds per unweighted FTE student. Should appropriated funds be less than the sum of this calculated amount for all districts, the commissioner shall prorate each district's allocation. This provision shall be implemented to the extent specifically funded.

(10)<del>(9)</del> TOTAL ALLOCATION OF STATE FUNDS TO EACH DISTRICT FOR CURRENT OPERATION .-- The total annual state allocation to each district for current operation for the FEFP shall be distributed periodically in the manner prescribed in the General Appropriations Act.

(a) The basic amount for current operation for the 31 | FEFP as determined in subsection (1), multiplied by the

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district cost differential factor as determined in subsection (2), plus the amounts provided for categorical components within the FEFP, plus the amount for the sparsity supplement as determined in subsection (6), the decline in full-time equivalent students as determined in subsection (7), the research-based reading instruction allocation as determined in subsection (8), and the quality assurance guarantee as determined in subsection(9) (8), less the required local effort as determined in subsection (4). If the funds appropriated for the purpose of funding the total amount for current operation as provided in this paragraph are not sufficient to pay the state requirement in full, the department shall prorate the available state funds to each district in the following manner:

- 1. Determine the percentage of proration by dividing the sum of the total amount for current operation, as provided in this paragraph for all districts collectively, and the total district required local effort into the sum of the state funds available for current operation and the total district required local effort.
- 2. Multiply the percentage so determined by the sum of the total amount for current operation as provided in this paragraph and the required local effort for each individual district.
- 3. From the product of such multiplication, subtract the required local effort of each district; and the remainder shall be the amount of state funds allocated to the district for current operation.
- (b) The amount thus obtained shall be the net annual allocation to each school district. However, if it is 31 determined that any school district received an

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underallocation or overallocation for any prior year because of an arithmetical error, assessment roll change, full-time equivalent student membership error, or any allocation error revealed in an audit report, the allocation to that district shall be appropriately adjusted. Beginning with audits for the 2001-2002 fiscal year, if the adjustment is the result of an audit finding in which group 2 FTE are reclassified to the basic program and the district weighted FTE are over the weighted enrollment ceiling for group 2 programs, the adjustment shall not result in a gain of state funds to the district. If the Department of Education audit adjustment recommendation is based upon controverted findings of fact, the Commissioner of Education is authorized to establish the amount of the adjustment based on the best interests of the state.

(c) The amount thus obtained shall represent the net annual state allocation to each district; however, notwithstanding any of the provisions herein, each district shall be guaranteed a minimum level of funding in the amount and manner prescribed in the General Appropriations Act.

Section 51. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1011.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.64 School district minimum classroom expenditure requirements. --

- (2) For the purpose of implementing the provisions of this section, the Legislature shall prescribe minimum academic performance standards and minimum classroom expenditure requirements for districts not meeting such minimum academic performance standards in the General Appropriations Act.
- (a) Minimum academic performance standards may be 31 based on, but are not limited to, district performance grades

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| 1  | determined pursuant to $\underline{s. 1008.34(7)}$ $\underline{s. 1008.34(8)}$ .   |
| 2  | Section 52. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section   |
| 3  | 1011.685, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:  |
| 4  | 1011.685 Class size reduction; operating categorical   |
| 5  | fund   |
| 6  | (2) Class size reduction operating categorical funds   |
| 7  | shall be used by school districts for the following:   |
| 8  | (b) For any lawful operating expenditure, if the   |
| 9  | district has met the constitutional maximums identified in s.  |
| 10   | 1003.03(1) or the reduction of two students per year required  |
| 11   | by s. 1003.03(2); however, priority shall be given to increase   |
| 12   | salaries of classroom teachers as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a)  |
| 13   | and to implement the <u>differentiated-pay provisions detailed in</u>  |
|  |  |
| 14   | s. 1012.2312 salary career ladder defined in s. 1012.231.  |
| 14<br>15   | s. 1012.2312 salary career ladder defined in s. 1012.231.  Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida  |
|  |  |
| 15   | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida   |
| 15<br>16   | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:   |
| 15<br>16<br>17   | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:  1011.71 District school tax  |
| 15<br>16<br>17<br>18   | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:  1011.71 District school tax  (1) If the district school tax is not provided in the   |
| 15<br>16<br>17<br>18   | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida  Statutes, is amended to read:  1011.71 District school tax  (1) If the district school tax is not provided in the  General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill  |
| 15<br>16<br>17<br>18<br>19<br>20                               | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:  1011.71 District school tax  (1) If the district school tax is not provided in the General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the General Appropriations Act, each district   |
| 15<br>16<br>17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21                         | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:  1011.71 District school tax  (1) If the district school tax is not provided in the General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the General Appropriations Act, each district school board desiring to participate in the state allocation  |
| 15<br>16<br>17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21<br>22                   | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:  1011.71 District school tax  (1) If the district school tax is not provided in the General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the General Appropriations Act, each district school board desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for current operation as prescribed by <u>s. 1011.62(10)</u>  |
| 15<br>16<br>17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21<br>22                   | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:  1011.71 District school tax  (1) If the district school tax is not provided in the General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the General Appropriations Act, each district school board desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for current operation as prescribed by s. 1011.62(10) s. 1011.62(9) shall levy on the taxable value for school  |
| 15<br>16<br>17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21<br>22<br>23             | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:  1011.71 District school tax  (1) If the district school tax is not provided in the General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the General Appropriations Act, each district school board desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for current operation as prescribed by s. 1011.62(10) s. 1011.62(9) shall levy on the taxable value for school purposes of the district, exclusive of millage voted under the   |
| 15<br>16<br>17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21<br>22<br>23<br>24<br>25 | Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:  1011.71 District school tax  (1) If the district school tax is not provided in the General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the General Appropriations Act, each district school board desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for current operation as prescribed by s. 1011.62(10) s. 1011.62(9) shall levy on the taxable value for school purposes of the district, exclusive of millage voted under the provisions of s. 9(b) or s. 12, Art. VII of the State |

29 the current year, pursuant to s. 1011.62(4)(a)1. In addition

30 to the required local effort millage levy, each district

31 school board may levy a nonvoted current operating

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| 1      | discretionary millage. The Legislature shall prescribe  |
| 2      | annually in the appropriations act the maximum amount of  |
|        |   |
| 3<br>4 | millage a district may levy. The millage rate prescribed shall exceed zero mills but shall not exceed the lesser of 1.6 mills |
|        |   |
| 5      | or 25 percent of the millage which is required pursuant to s.   |
| 6      | 1011.62(4), exclusive of millage levied pursuant to subsection  |
| 7      | (2).  |
| 8      | Section 54. Subsection (6) is added to section  |
| 9      | 1012.21, Florida Statutes, to read:   |
| 10     | 1012.21 Department of Education duties; K-12  |
| 11     | personnel   |
| 12     | (6) REPORTING The Department of Education shall   |
| 13     | annually post online links to each school district's  |
| 14     | collective bargaining contracts and the salary and benefits of  |
| 15     | the personnel or officers of any educator association which   |
| 16     | were paid by the school district pursuant to s. 1012.22. The  |
| 17     | department shall prescribe the computer format for district   |
| 18     | school boards to use in providing the information.  |
| 19     | Section 55. Paragraphs (c), (h), and (i) of subsection  |
| 20     | (1) of section 1012.22, Florida Statutes, are amended, and  |
| 21     | subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:   |
| 22     | 1012.22 Public school personnel; powers and duties of   |
| 23     | the district school boardThe district school board shall:   |
| 24     | (1) Designate positions to be filled, prescribe   |
| 25     | qualifications for those positions, and provide for the   |
| 26     | appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension, and   |
| 27     | dismissal of employees as follows, subject to the requirements  |
| 28     | of this chapter:  |
| 29     | (c) Compensation and salary schedules   |

- (c) Compensation and salary schedules. --
- 1. The district school board shall adopt a salary 31 schedule or salary schedules designed to furnish incentives

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for improvement in training and for continued efficient service to be used as a basis for paying all school employees and fix and authorize the compensation of school employees on the basis thereof.

- 2. A district school board, in determining the salary schedule for instructional personnel, must base a portion of each employee's compensation on performance demonstrated under s. 1012.34, must consider the prior teaching experience of a person who has been designated state teacher of the year by any state in the United States, and must consider prior professional experience in the field of education gained in positions in addition to district level instructional and administrative positions.
- 3. In developing the salary schedule, the district school board shall seek input from parents, teachers, and representatives of the business community.
- 4. Beginning with the 2002-2003 fiscal year, each district school board must adopt a performance-pay policy for school administrators and instructional personnel. The district's performance-pay policy is subject to negotiation as provided in chapter 447; however, the adopted salary schedule must allow school administrators and instructional personnel who demonstrate outstanding performance, as measured under s. 1012.34, to earn a 5-percent supplement in addition to their individual, negotiated salary. The supplements shall be funded from the performance-pay reserve funds adopted in the salary schedule. Beginning with the 2004-2005 academic year, the district's 5-percent performance-pay policy must provide for the evaluation of classroom teachers within each level of the salary career ladder provided in s. 1012.231. The Commissioner 31 of Education shall determine whether the district school

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board's adopted salary schedule complies with the requirement for performance-based pay. If the district school board fails to comply with this section, the commissioner shall withhold disbursements from the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund to the district until compliance is verified.

- (h) Planning and training time for teachers. -- The district school board shall may adopt rules to make provisions for teachers to have time for lunch, professional and some planning, and professional development training time when they will not be directly responsible for the children if, provided that some adult supervision is shall be furnished for the students during such periods.
- (i) Comprehensive program of staff development.--The district school board shall establish a comprehensive program of staff development  $\underline{\text{that incorporates school improvement}}$ plans pursuant to s. 1001.42 and is aligned with principal leadership training pursuant to s. 1012.985 as a part of the plan.
- (3) Annually provide to the Department of Education the negotiated collective bargaining contract for the school district and the salary and benefits for the personnel or officers of any educator association which are paid by the school district. The district school board shall report using the computer format prescribed by the department pursuant to s. 1012.21.
- Section 56. Section 1012.2312, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 28 1012.2312 Differentiated pay for instructional 29 personnel. --
- (1) Beginning with the 2006-2007 fiscal year, each 31 district school board shall have a differentiated-pay policy

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| 1  | for instructional personnel and incorporate it into the school |
| 2  | district's salary schedule.                                    |
| 3  | (2) The differentiated-pay policy may be subject to            |
| 4  | negotiation as provided in chapter 447; however, the adopted   |
| 5  | salary schedule must allow instructional personnel to receive  |
| 6  | differentiated pay based upon factors determined by the school |
| 7  | district, including, but not limited to, each of the           |
| 8  | following:   |
| 9  | (a) The subject areas taught, with classroom teachers          |
| 10 | who teach in critical shortage areas receiving higher pay.     |
| 11 | (b) The economic demographics of the school, with              |
| 12 | instructional personnel in schools that have a majority of     |
| 13 | students who qualify for free or reduced-price lunches         |
| 14 | receiving higher pay.  |
| 15 | (c) Additional responsibilities of instructional               |
| 16 | personnel, including, but not limited to, lead and mentoring   |
| 17 | responsibilities.  |
| 18 | (d) A performance-pay policy that rewards                      |
| 19 | high-performing instructional personnel with at least a        |
| 20 | 5-percent performance-pay incentive.                           |
| 21 |  |
| 22 | The differentiated pay provided in the salary schedule for     |
| 23 | each of the factors specified in paragraphs (a)-(d) shall      |
| 24 | provide an incentive and not be nominal.                       |
| 25 | (3) The Commissioner of Education shall determine              |
| 26 | whether the district school board's adopted salary schedule    |
| 27 | complies with the requirements in subsection (2). If the       |
| 28 | salary schedule does not comply, the commissioner shall        |
| 29 | recommend to the State Board of Education and the state board  |
| 30 | may withhold disbursements from the Educational Enhancement    |

31 Trust Fund to the school district until the district's salary

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| 1  | schedule is in compliance.                                    |
| 2  | Section 57. Section 1012.2313, Florida Statutes, is           |
| 3  | created to read:  |
| 4  | 1012.2313 Differentiated pay for school                       |
| 5  | administrators  |
| 6  | (1) Beginning with the 2006-2007 fiscal year, each            |
| 7  | district school board shall have a differentiated-pay policy  |
| 8  | for school administrators and incorporate it into the school  |
| 9  | district's salary schedule.                                   |
| 10 | (2) The adopted salary schedule must allow school             |
| 11 | administrators to receive differentiated pay based upon       |
| 12 | factors determined by the school district, including, but not |
| 13 | limited to, each of the following:                            |
| 14 | (a) The economic demographics of the school, with             |
| 15 | school administrators in schools that have a majority of      |
| 16 | students who qualify for free or reduced-price lunches        |
| 17 | receiving higher pay.   |
| 18 | (b) A performance-pay policy that rewards                     |
| 19 | high-performing school administrators with at least a         |
| 20 | 5-percent performance-pay incentive.                          |
| 21 |   |
| 22 | The differentiated pay provided in the salary schedule for    |
| 23 | each of the factors specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) shall |
| 24 | provide an incentive and not be nominal.                      |
| 25 | (3) The Commissioner of Education shall determine             |
| 26 | whether the district school board's adopted salary schedule   |
| 27 | complies with the requirements in subsection (2). If the      |
| 28 | salary schedule does not comply, the commissioner shall       |
| 29 | recommend to the State Board of Education and the state board |
| 30 | may withhold disbursements from the Educational Enhancement   |
| 31 | Trust Fund to the school district until the district's salary |

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schedule is in compliance.

Section 58. Section 1012.2315, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

# 1012.2315 Assignment of teachers.--

- (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT. -- The Legislature finds disparities between teachers assigned to teach in a majority of "A" graded schools and teachers assigned to teach in a majority of "F" graded schools. The disparities can be found in the average years of experience, the median salary, and the performance of the teachers on teacher certification examinations. It is the intent of the Legislature that district school boards have flexibility through the collective bargaining process to assign teachers more equitably across the schools in the district.
- (2) ASSIGNMENT TO SCHOOLS GRADED "D" OR "F."--School districts may not assign a higher percentage than the school district average of first-time teachers, temporarily certified teachers, teachers in need of improvement, or out-of-field teachers to schools with above the school district average of minority and economically disadvantaged students or schools that are graded "D" or "F." Each school district shall annually certify to the Commissioner of Education that this requirement has been met. If the commissioner determines that a school district is not in compliance with this subsection, the State Board of Education shall be notified and shall take action pursuant to s. 1008.32 in the next regularly scheduled meeting to require compliance.
- (3) SALARY INCENTIVES. -- District school boards are authorized to provide salary incentives to meet the requirement of subsection (2). A district school board may not 31 sign a collective bargaining agreement that precludes the

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school district from providing sufficient incentives to meet this requirement.

(4) COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.--Notwithstanding provisions of chapter 447 relating to district school board collective bargaining, collective bargaining provisions may not preclude a school district from providing incentives to high-quality teachers and assigning such teachers to low-performing schools.

Section 59. Subsection (2) of section 1012.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.27 Public school personnel; powers and duties of district school superintendent.--The district school superintendent is responsible for directing the work of the personnel, subject to the requirements of this chapter, and in addition the district school superintendent shall perform the following:

(2) COMPENSATION AND SALARY SCHEDULES.--Prepare and recommend to the district school board for adoption a salary schedule or salary schedules. The district school superintendent must recommend a salary schedule for instructional personnel which bases a portion of each employee's compensation on performance demonstrated under s. 1012.34. In developing the recommended salary schedule, the district school superintendent shall include input from parents, teachers, and representatives of the business community. Beginning with the 2006-2007 2004-2005 academic year, the recommended salary schedule for classroom teachers shall be consistent with the district's differentiated-pay policy career ladder based upon s. 1012.2312 s. 1012.231.

Section 60. Subsection (6) of section 1012.28, Florida

31 | Statutes, is amended to read:

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1012.28 Public school personnel; duties of school principals.--

(6) A school principal who fails to comply with this section shall be ineligible for any portion of the performance pay policy incentive under s. 1012.2313(2)(b) s.  $\frac{1012.22(1)(c)}{c}$ .

Section 61. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1012.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.34 Assessment procedures and criteria.--

- (3) The assessment procedure for instructional personnel and school administrators must be primarily based on the performance of students assigned to their classrooms or schools, as appropriate. Pursuant to this section, a school district's performance assessment is not limited to basing unsatisfactory performance of instructional personnel and school administrators upon student performance, but may include other criteria approved to assess instructional personnel and school administrators' performance, or any combination of student performance and other approved criteria. The procedures must comply with, but are not limited to, the following requirements:
- (a) An assessment must be conducted for each employee at least once a year. The assessment must be based upon sound educational principles and contemporary research in effective educational practices. The assessment must primarily use data and indicators of improvement in student performance assessed annually as specified in s. 1008.22 and may consider results of peer reviews in evaluating the employee's performance. Student performance must be measured by state assessments required under s. 1008.22 and by local assessments for 31 subjects and grade levels not measured by the state assessment

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program. The assessment criteria must include, but are not limited to, indicators that relate to the following:

- 1. Performance of students.
- 2. Ability to maintain appropriate discipline.
- 3. Knowledge of subject matter. The district school board shall make special provisions for evaluating teachers who are assigned to teach out-of-field.
- 4. Ability to plan and deliver instruction, including implementation of the rigorous reading requirement pursuant to s. 1003.415, when applicable, and the use of technology in the classroom.
  - 5. Ability to evaluate instructional needs.
- 6. Ability to establish and maintain a positive collaborative relationship with students' families to increase student achievement.
- 7. Other professional competencies, responsibilities, and requirements as established by rules of the State Board of Education and policies of the district school board.
- Section 62. Subsection (4) of section 1012.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 1012.56 Educator certification requirements.--
- (4) MASTERY OF SUBJECT AREA KNOWLEDGE. -- Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of subject area knowledge are:
- (a) Achievement of passing scores on subject area examinations required by state board rule;
- (b) Completion of the subject area specialization requirements specified in state board rule and verification of the attainment of the essential subject matter competencies by the district school superintendent of the employing school district or chief administrative officer of the employing 31 | state-supported or private school for a subject area for which

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a subject area examination has not been developed and required by state board rule;

- (c) Completion of the subject area specialization requirements specified in state board rule for a subject coverage requiring a master's or higher degree and achievement of a passing score on the subject area examination specified in state board rule;
- (d) A valid professional standard teaching certificate issued by another state; or
- (e) A valid certificate issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or a national educator credentialing board approved by the State Board of Education.

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School districts are encouraged to provide mechanisms for those middle school teachers holding only a K-6 teaching certificate to obtain a subject area coverage for middle grades through postsecondary coursework or district add-on

18 <u>certification</u>.

Section 63. Section 1012.98, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.98 School Community Professional Development Act.--

(1) The Department of Education, public postsecondary educational institutions, public school districts, public schools, state education foundations, consortia, and professional organizations and public schools in this state shall work collaboratively collaborate to establish a coordinated system of professional development. The purpose of the professional development system is to increase student achievement, enhance classroom instructional strategies that

31 promote rigor and relevance throughout the curriculum, and

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prepare students for continuing education and the workforce.

The system of professional development must align to the

standards adopted by the state and support the framework for

standards adopted by the National Staff Development Council

enable the school community to meet state and local student

achievement standards and the state education goals and to

succeed in school improvement as described in s. 1000.03.

- (2) The school community includes students and parents, administrative personnel, managers, instructional personnel, support personnel, members of district school boards, members of school advisory councils, business partners, and personnel that provide health and social services to students.
- $\hbox{(3)} \quad \hbox{The activities designed to implement this section} \\$   $\hbox{must:} \\$
- (a) <u>Support and</u> increase the success of educators through collaboratively developed school improvement plans that focus on:
- 1. Enhanced and differentiated instructional strategies to engage students in rigorous and relevant curriculum based on in guiding student learning and development so as to implement state and local educational standards, goals, and initiatives:
- 2. Increased opportunities to provide meaningful relationships between teachers and all students; and
- 3. Increased opportunities for professional collaboration among and between teachers, guidance counselors, instructional leaders, postsecondary educators engaged in preservice training for new teachers, and the workforce community.
  - (b) Assist the school community in providing

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stimulating, scientific scientifically research-based educational activities that encourage and motivate students to achieve at the highest levels and to participate as become active learners and that prepare students for success at subsequent educational levels and the workforce.

- (c) Provide continuous support for all education professionals as well as temporary intervention for education professionals who need improvement in knowledge, skills, and performance.
- (4) The Department of Education, school districts, schools, community colleges, and state universities share the responsibilities described in this section. These responsibilities include the following:
- (a) The department shall develop and disseminate to the school community <u>research-based</u> model professional development methods and programs that have demonstrated success in meeting identified student needs. The Commissioner of Education shall use data on student achievement to identify student needs. The methods of dissemination must include a web-based statewide performance support system, including a database of exemplary professional development activities, a listing of available professional development resources, training programs, and available assistance.
- (b) Each school district shall develop a professional development system as specified in subsection (3). The system shall be developed in consultation with teachers, teacher-educators and representatives of community colleges college and state universities university faculty, business and community representatives agencies, and local education foundations, consortia, and professional organizations other 31 | interested citizen groups to establish policy and procedures

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to guide the operation of the district professional development program. The professional development system must:

- 1. Be approved by the department. All substantial revisions to the system shall be submitted to the department for review for continued approval.
- 2. Be based on analyses Require the use of student achievement data and instructional strategies and methods that support rigorous, relevant, and challenging curricula for all students. Schools and districts, in developing and refining the professional development system, shall also review and monitor+ school discipline data; school environment surveys; assessments of parental satisfaction; performance appraisal data of teachers, managers, and administrative personnel; and other performance indicators to identify school and student needs that can be met by improved professional performance.
- 3. Provide inservice activities coupled with followup support that are appropriate to accomplish district-level and school-level improvement goals and standards. The inservice activities for instructional personnel shall primarily focus on analysis of student achievement data, ongoing formal and informal assessments of student achievement, identification and use of enhanced and differentiated instructional strategies that emphasize rigor, relevance, and reading in the content areas, enhancement of subject content expertise, integrated use of classroom technology that enhances teaching and learning and teaching methods, including technology, as related to the Sunshine State Standards, assessment and data analysis, classroom management, parent involvement, and school safety.
- 4. Include a master plan for inservice activities, 31 pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education, for all

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- district employees from all fund sources. The master plan 2 shall be updated annually by September 1, must be based on 3 input from teachers and district and school instructional leaders, and must use the latest available student achievement data and research to enhance rigor and relevance in the classroom. Each district inservice plan must be aligned to and support the school-based inservice plans and school improvement plans pursuant to s. 1001.42(16). District plans using criteria for continued approval as specified by rules of the State Board of Education. Written verification that the inservice plan meets all requirements of this section must be approved by the district school board submitted annually in order to ensure compliance with subsection (1) and to allow 13 for dissemination of research-based best practices to other 14 districts to the commissioner by October 1. 15
  - 5. Require each school principal to establish and maintain an individual professional development plan for each instructional employee assigned to the school as a seamless component to the school improvement plans developed pursuant to 1001.42(16). The individual professional development plan must:
  - a. Be related to specific performance data for the students to whom the teacher is assigned.
  - b. Define the inservice objectives and specific measurable improvements expected in student performance as a result of the inservice activity.
  - c. Include an evaluation component that determines the effectiveness of the professional development plan.
- 6. Include inservice activities for school administrative personnel that address updated skills necessary 31 for effective school management and instructional leadership

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### and effective school management pursuant to s. 1012.986.

- 7. Provide for systematic consultation with regional and state personnel designated to provide technical assistance and evaluation of local professional development programs.
- 8. Provide for delivery of professional development by distance learning and other technology-based delivery systems to reach more educators at lower costs.
- 9. Provide for the continuous evaluation of the quality and effectiveness of professional development programs in order to eliminate ineffective programs and strategies and to expand effective ones. Evaluations must consider the impact of such activities on the performance of participating educators and their students' achievement and behavior.
- (c) Each community college and state university shall assist the department, school districts, and schools in the design, delivery, and evaluation of professional development activities. This assistance must include active participation in state and local activities required by the professional development system.
- (c)(d) The Department of Education shall approve a public state university having an approved physical education teacher preparation program within its college of education to develop and implement an Internet-based clearinghouse for physical education professional development programs that may be accessed and used by all instructional personnel. The development of these programs shall be financed primarily by private funds and shall be available for use no later than August 1, 2005.
- (5) Each district school board shall provide funding for the professional development system as required by s. 31 | 1011.62 and the General Appropriations Act, and shall direct

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expenditures from other funding sources to continuously strengthen the system in order to increase student achievement and support instructional staff in enhancing rigor and relevance in the classroom and make it uniform and coherent. A school district may coordinate its professional development program with that of another district, with an educational consortium, or with a community college or university, especially in preparing and educating personnel. Each district school board shall make available inservice activities to instructional personnel of nonpublic schools in the district and the state certified teachers who are not employed by the district school board on a fee basis not to exceed the cost of the activity per all participants.

- (6) An organization of private schools which has no fewer than 10 member schools in this state, which publishes and files with the Department of Education copies of its standards, and the member schools of which comply with the provisions of part II of chapter 1003, relating to compulsory school attendance, may also develop a professional development system that includes a master plan for inservice activities. The system and inservice plan must be submitted to the commissioner for approval pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education.
- (7) The Department of Education shall disseminate, using web-based technology, research-based best-practice design methods by which the state and district school boards may evaluate and improve the professional development system. The best practices evaluation must include an annual assessment of data that indicate the progress or lack of progress of all students. If the review of the data indicates 31 progress, the department shall identify the best practices

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that contributed to the progress. If the review of the data indicates a lack of progress, the department shall investigate the causes of the lack of progress, provide technical assistance, and require the school district to employ a different approach to professional development. The department shall report annually to the State Board of Education and the Legislature any school district that, in the determination of the department, has failed to provide an adequate professional development system. This report must include the results of the department's investigation and of any intervention provided.

- (8) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.
- (9) This section does not limit or discourage a district school board from contracting with independent entities for professional development services and inservice education if the district school board can demonstrate to the Commissioner of Education that, through such a contract, a better product can be acquired or its goals for education improvement can be better met.
- (10) For teachers, managers, and administrative personnel who have been evaluated as less than satisfactory, a district school board shall require participation in specific professional development programs as part of the improvement prescription.
- (11) The department shall disseminate to the school community proven model professional development programs that have demonstrated success in increasing rigorous and relevant content, increasing student achievement and engagement, and 31 meeting identified student needs. The methods of dissemination

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| 1  | must include a web-based statewide performance-support system  |
| 2  | including a database of exemplary professional development     |
| 3  | activities, a listing of available professional development    |
| 4  | resources, training programs, and available technical          |
| 5  | assistance.  |
| 6  | Section 64. Section 1012.986, Florida Statutes, is             |
| 7  | created to read:   |
| 8  | 1012.986 Statewide system for professional development         |
| 9  | of school leaders  |
| 10 | (1) The intent of this section is to establish a               |
| 11 | statewide system of professional development which provides    |
| 12 | high standards and sustained support for principals as         |
| 13 | instructional leaders. The system shall consist of a           |
| 14 | collaborative network of professional leadership organizations |
| 15 | in order to respond to needs throughout the state. The network |
| 16 | shall be established to support the human-resource-development |
| 17 | needs of principals, principal leadership teams, and           |
| 18 | candidates for principal leadership positions using the        |
| 19 | framework of leadership standards adopted by the State Board   |
| 20 | of Education, the Southern Regional Education Board, and the   |
| 21 | National Staff Development Council. Funds appropriated for the |
| 22 | leadership network for principals shall be allocated annually  |
| 23 | in the General Appropriations Act, contingent upon a           |
| 24 | commitment of financial support or human-resource support from |
| 25 | the Florida Association of District School Superintendents,    |
| 26 | the Florida Association of School Administrators, the Southern |
| 27 | Regional Education Board, the Department of Education, the     |
| 28 | Florida Regional Education Consortia, and education leadership |
| 29 | faculty from Florida's community colleges and universities.    |
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30 The goal of the network and the principal leadership training

31 <u>is to:</u>

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| 1  | (a) Provide resources to support and enhance the               |
| 2  | principal's role as the instructional leader.                  |
| 3  | (b) Maintain a clearinghouse and disseminate                   |
| 4  | data-supported information related to enhanced student         |
| 5  | achievement, based on educational research and best practices. |
| 6  | (c) Build the capacity to increase the quality of              |
| 7  | programs for preservice education for aspiring principals and  |
| 8  | inservice professional development for principals and          |
| 9  | principal leadership teams.                                    |
| 10 | (d) Support best teaching and research-based                   |
| 11 | instructional practices through dissemination and modeling at  |
| 12 | the preservice and inservice levels for both teachers and      |
| 13 | principals.  |
| 14 | (2) The Department of Education shall coordinate               |
| 15 | through the network identified in subsection (1) to offer the  |
| 16 | program through multiple delivery systems, including:          |
| 17 | (a) Approved school district training programs.                |
| 18 | (b) Interactive technology-based instruction.                  |
| 19 | (c) State, regional, or local leadership academies.            |
| 20 | (3) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules             |
| 21 | pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this       |
| 22 | section.   |
| 23 | Section 65. <u>Section 1012.987, Florida Statutes, is</u>      |
| 24 | repealed.  |
| 25 | Section 66. This act shall take effect upon becoming a         |
| 26 | law.   |
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